



*Developing clinical stage small molecule
therapeutics to treat hormonal and reproductive
system disorders*

Repros Disclaimer

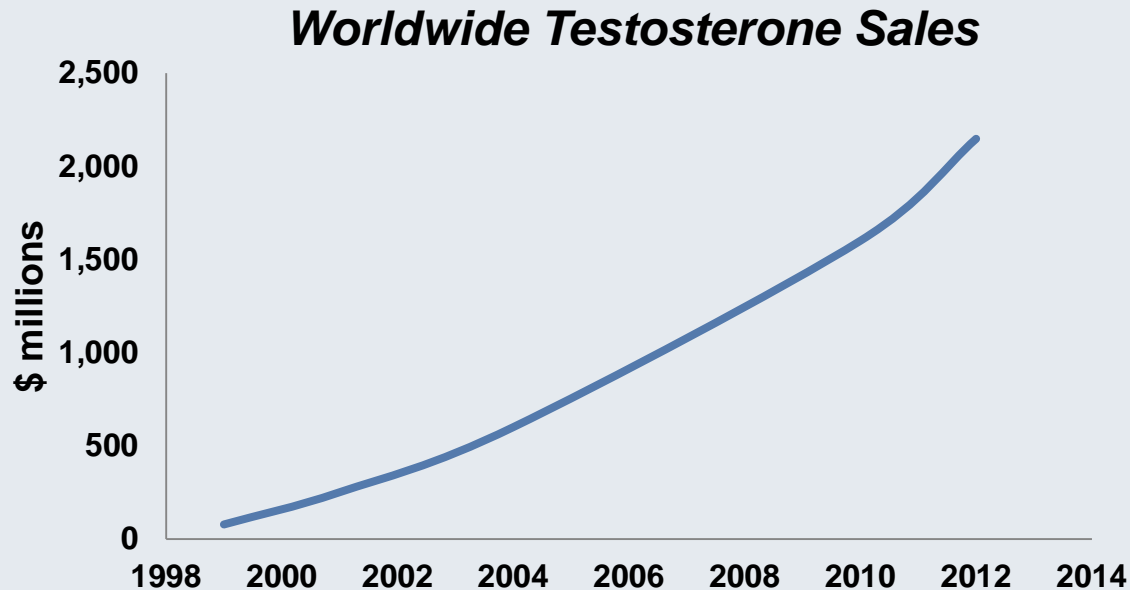
Any statements made by the Company that are not historical facts contained in this release are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including the ability to raise additional needed capital on a timely basis in order for it to continue to fund development of its Androxal[®] and Proellex[®] programs, have success in the clinical development of its technologies, the reliability of interim results to predict final study outcomes, and such other risks which are identified in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and in any subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. These documents are available on request from Repros Therapeutics or at www.sec.gov. Repros disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Investment Highlights

- **Focused strategy: small molecule therapeutics for reproductive disorders**
- **Two late stage clinical programs each with +\$1B sales potential**
- **Androxal[®]: PHASE 3 (SPA) oral treatment for Low Testosterone with pending patent/ patent life to the mid 2020's(growing +\$2B market)**
 - *Restoration of testicular function and testosterone levels in treatment of 2^o hypogonadism (most common cause of low T)*
- **Proellex: PHASE 2 treatment for uterine fibroids and endometriosis with pending patent/ patent life to the mid 2020's (+\$5B market)**
 - Chronic relief of uterine fibroid symptoms
 - Fibroid de-bulking
 - Chronic relief of the symptoms associated with endometriosis
- **Key late stage clinical & regulatory events expected in 2013**

Testosterone Market Continues to Grow

- *2012 worldwide sales >\$2.1B*
- *US accounts for nearly 75% of global sales*
- *Major pharmaceutical companies have moved to capture 83% of US opportunity*



Who are the men using testosterone?

Age & BMI of Subjects in Repros Androxal Studies

| Study | IND | # of Subjects | Mean Age | Mean BMI |
|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| ZN-018 | 65,396 | 52 | 51.2 | 31.95 |
| ZA-003 | 65,396 | 194 | 52.6 | 32.4 |
| ZA-202 | 104,921 | 116 | 57.3 | 33.5 |
| ZA-203 | 65,396 | 108 | 50.7 | 32.0 |
| ZA-204 | 65,396 | 60 | 53.1 | 31.8 |

Who are the men using testosterone?

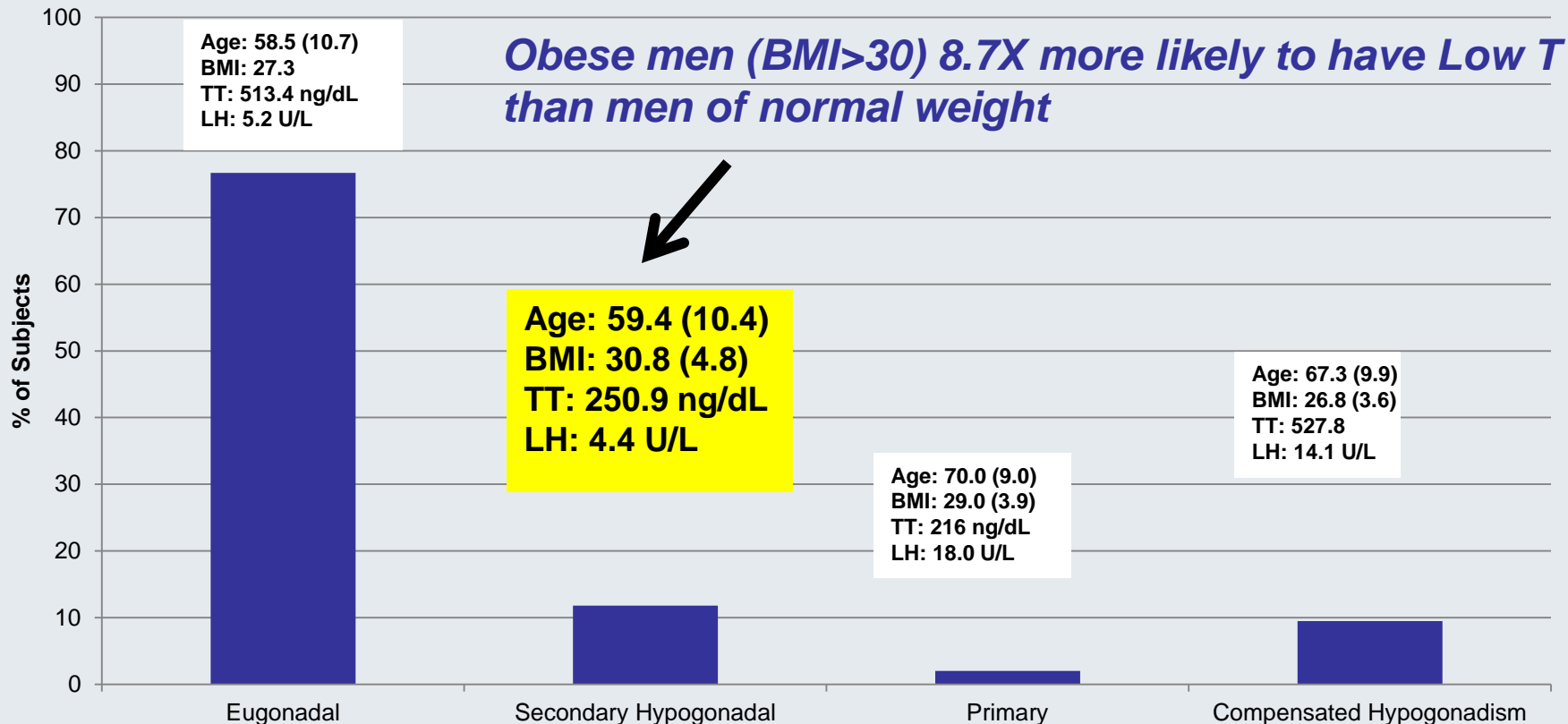
European Male Aging Study

Distribution and Selected Characteristics of Men Ages 40-79 (Tajar et al)

Overweight BMI > 25 (6' 190# male BMI=25.8)

Obese BMI > 30 (6' 230# male BMI =31.2)

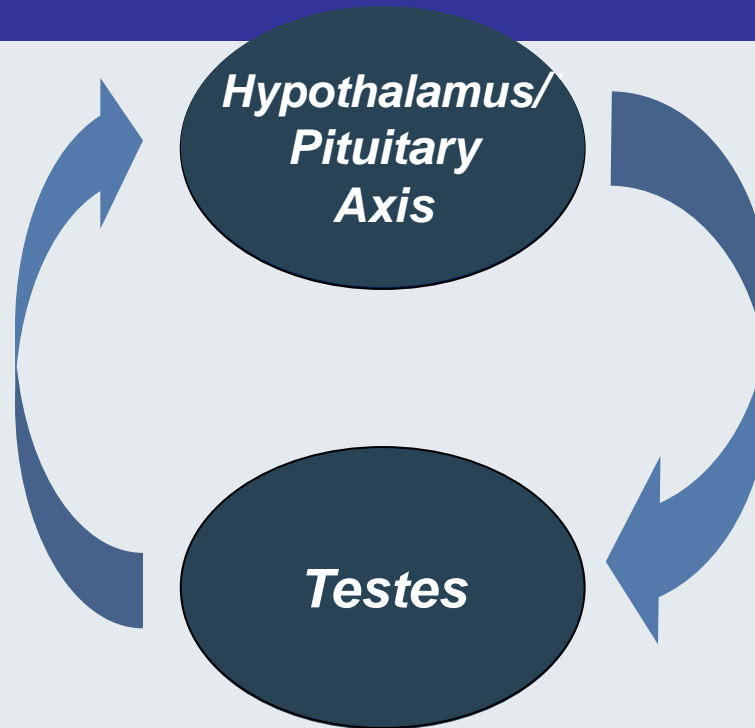
Data derived from over 3000 men



In 2010 there were ~90 million men in the US between the ages of 20 and 65

32% are obese

Secondary Hypogonadism

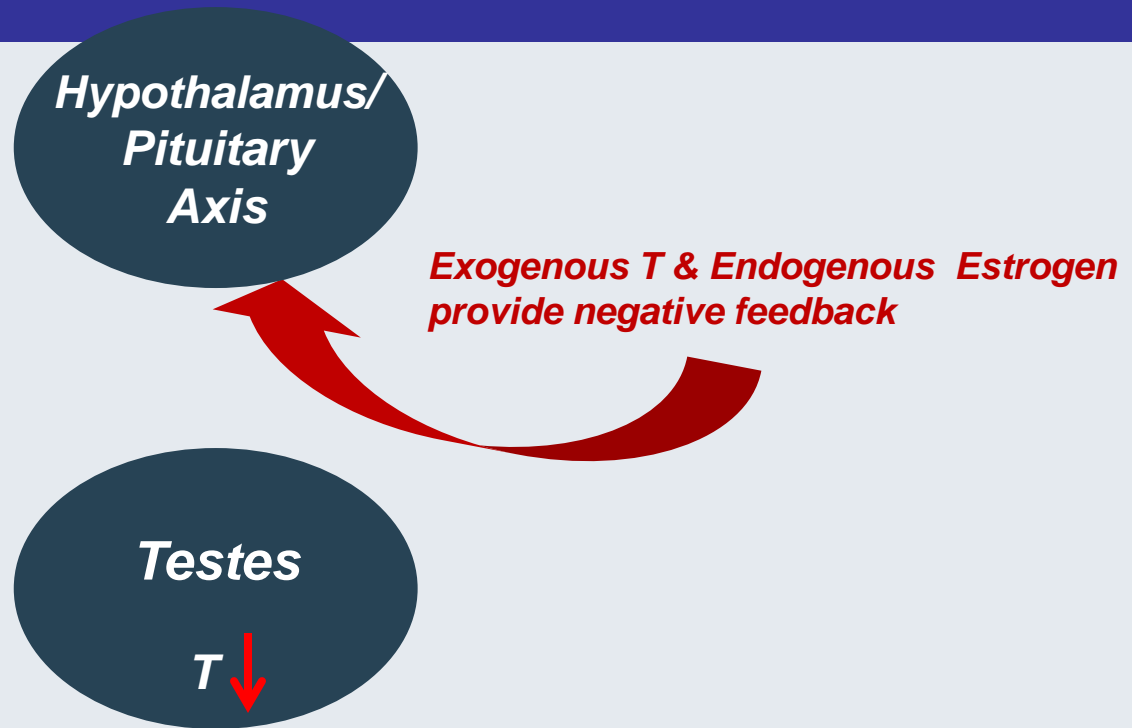


- *Luteinizing hormone (LH) drives Leydig cell production of testosterone*
- *Follicle Stimulating Hormone (FSH) drives spermatogenesis in the Sertoli cells of the testes*

- Majority of men with low T have secondary hypogonadism
- Results from a suppression of secretion of pituitary hormones
 - **Obese men are estrogenized**
- LH & FSH secretions are low to low normal
- Testosterone Levels <300ng/dl
- Men with secondary hypogonadism are typically still fertile

Approved T Replacement Products Shutdown Testicular Function

- *Pituitary secretions decrease or shut down*
- *Testicular function decreases or shuts down*
- *30% of men castrated at the level of the pituitary*



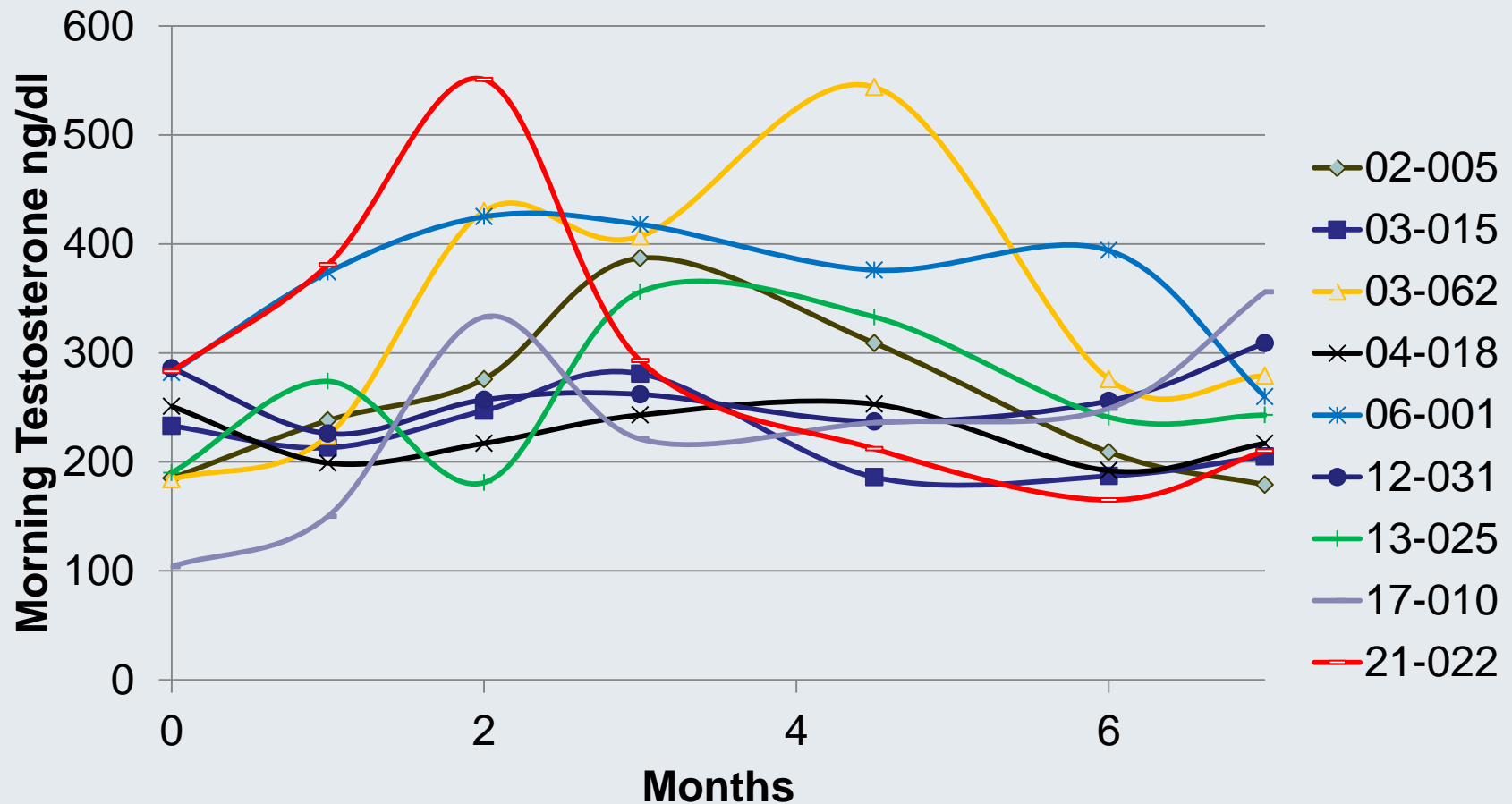
***Leydig Cell Activity Suppressed
Spermatogenesis Suppressed Leading to Infertility***

***Over 30% of men with secondary hypogonadism administered an approved topical testosterone have undetectable pituitary and testicular function
They are castrated at the level of the pituitary***

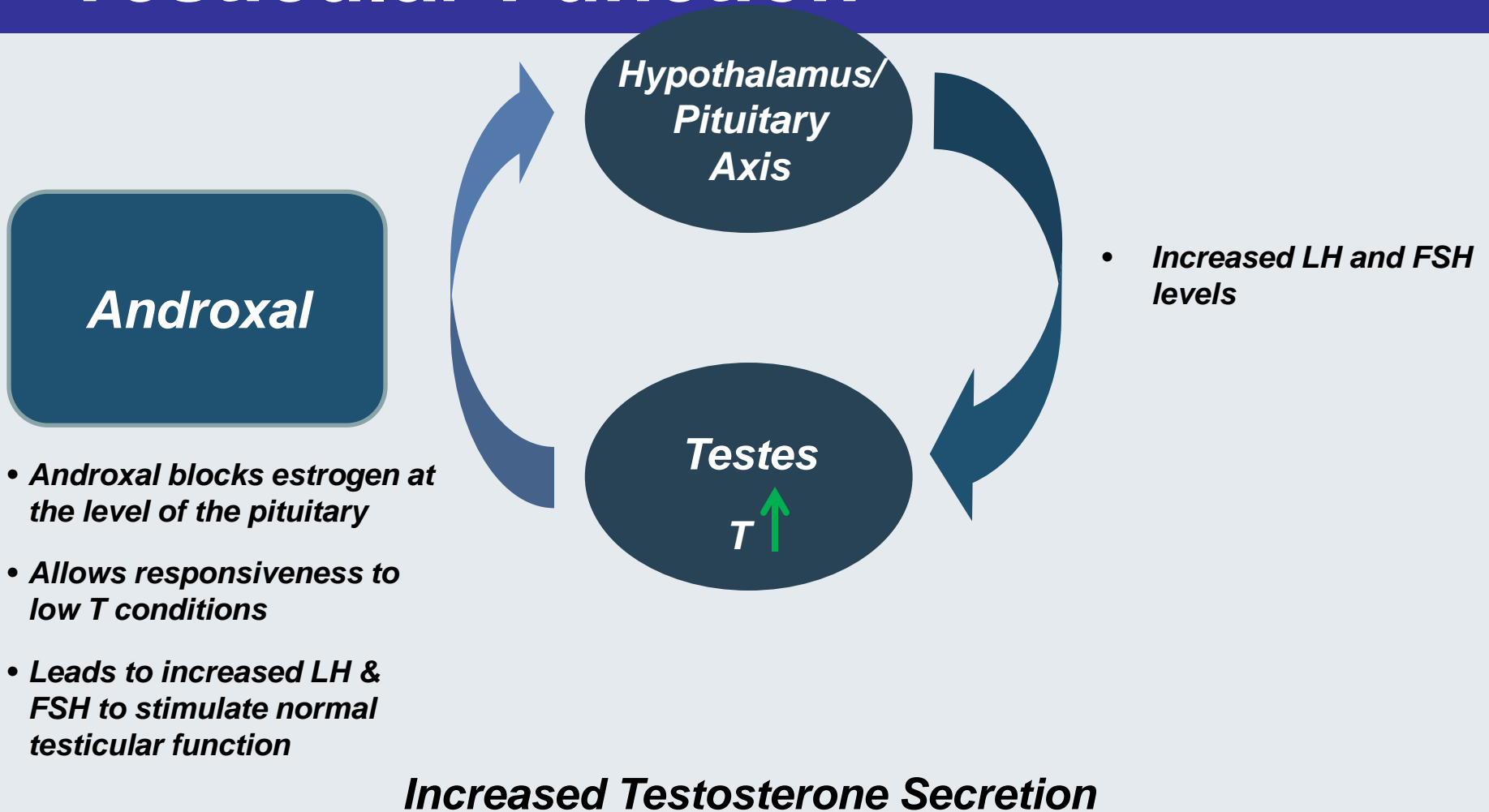
Day to Day Morning T Variability

Sampling of Placebo Subjects ZA-003

Should these men be prescribed testosterone replacement therapy?



Androxal Restores Normal Testicular Function



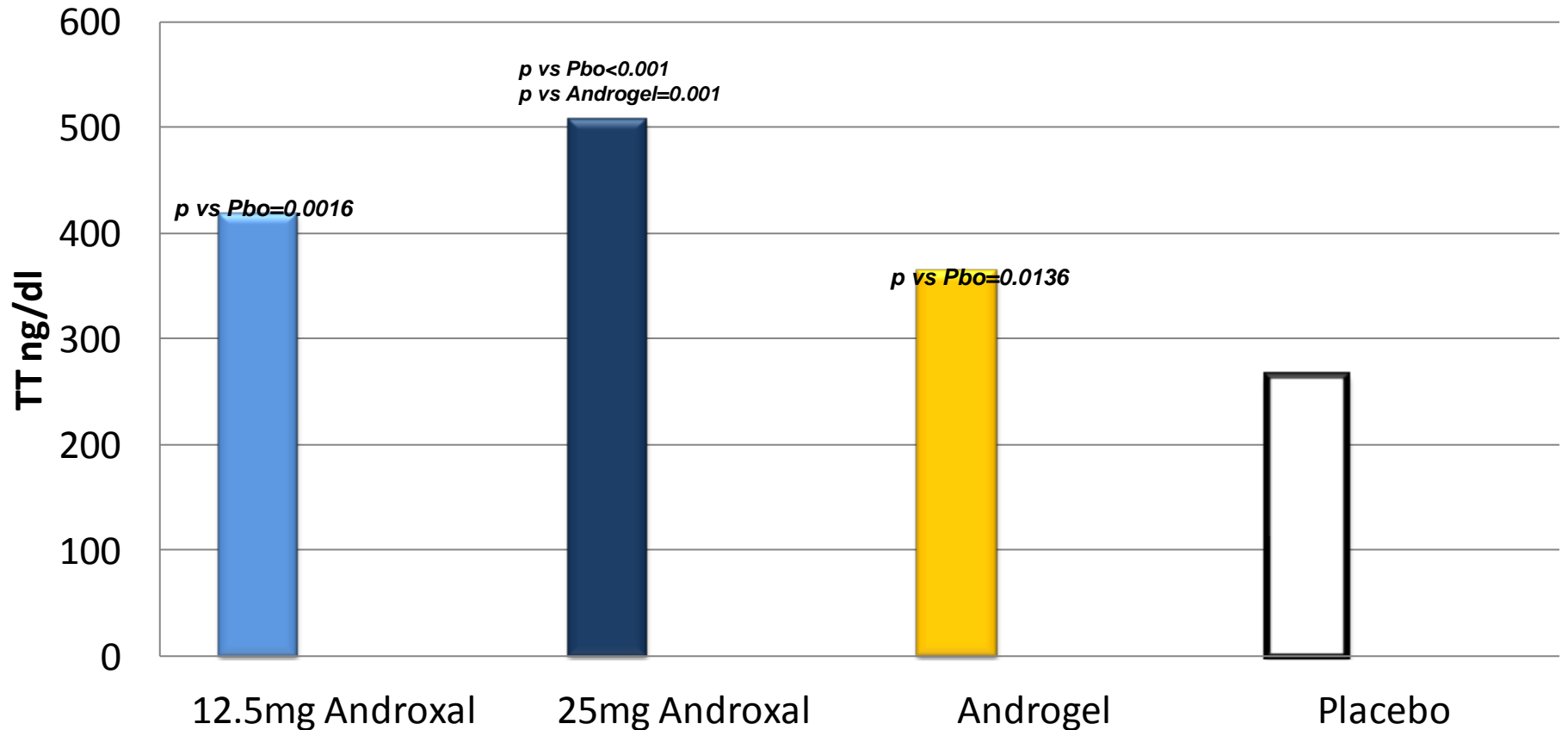
FDA Accepts Phase 3 Protocol Under an SPA

- **Phase 3 pivotal studies being conducted under SPA**
 - 2 identical trials (BMI > 25, Age ≤ 60)
 - 152 subjects in each trial (114 on Androxal, 38 on placebo)
 - Men with morning T < 300 ng/dL assessed twice on two separate days
 - Up-titration from 12.5 to 25
 - 3 month duration
 - Co-primary endpoints
 - 75% of men achieve T in normal range (300-1040 ng/dL)
 - Non inferior to placebo regarding change in sperm counts
- **Safety Requirements**
 - >100 for one year
 - >800 for 6 months
 - 100 subject one year DEXA study (bone marker data suggests Androxal builds bone)
- **Goal to Submit NDA Q2 2014**

Previous Androxal Experience ZA-003

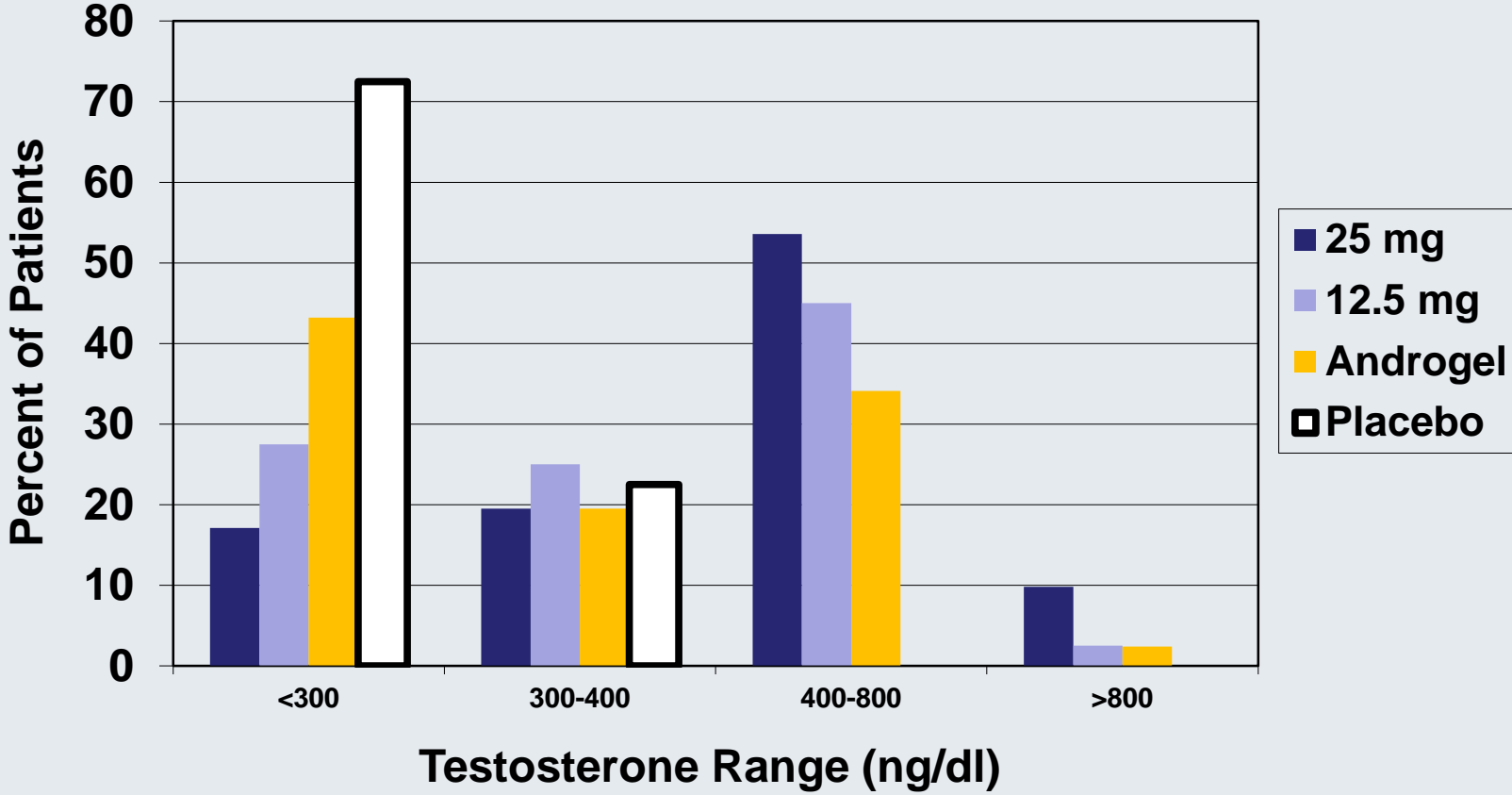
n=200

Month 6 Morning Total Testosterone



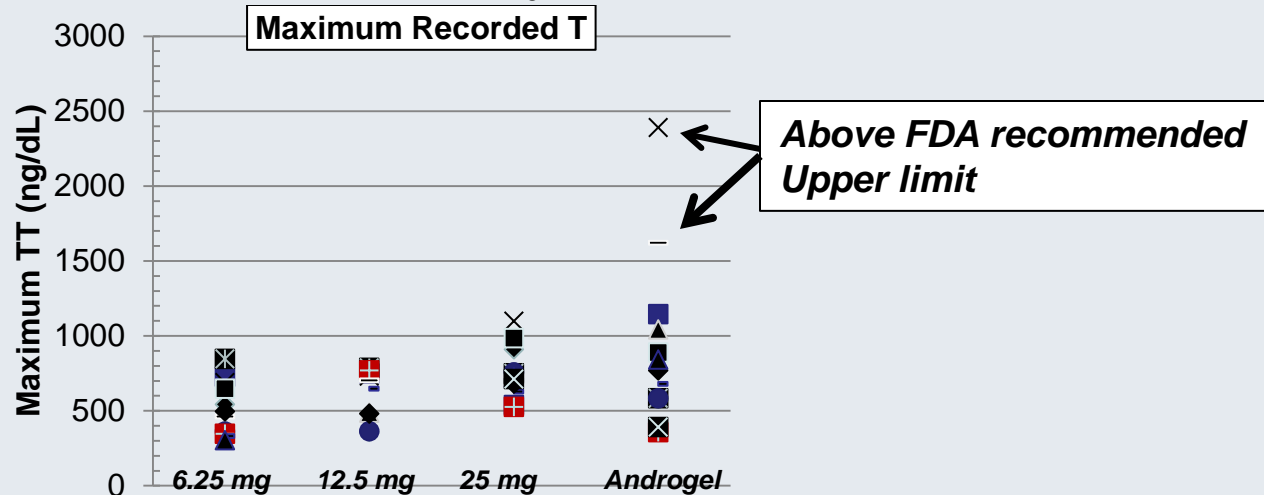
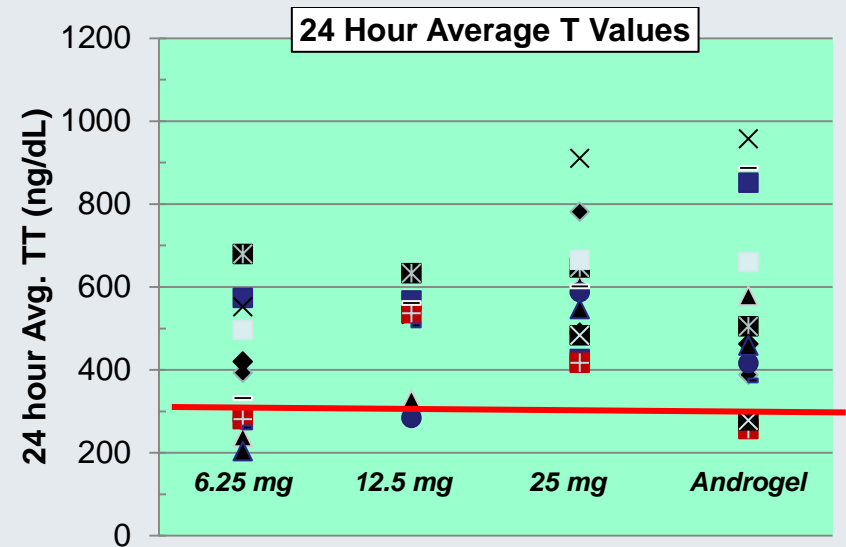
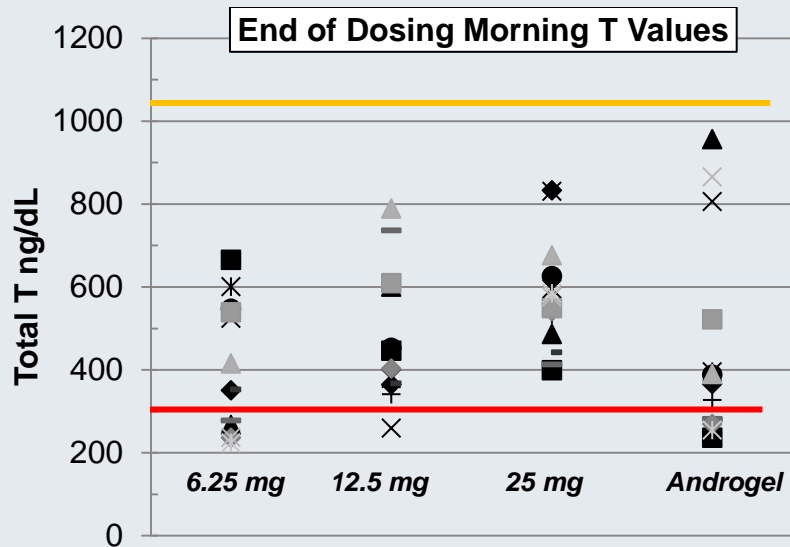
Previous Studies Suggests Favorable Outcome

ZA-003 Testosterone Distribution (6 Month Data)



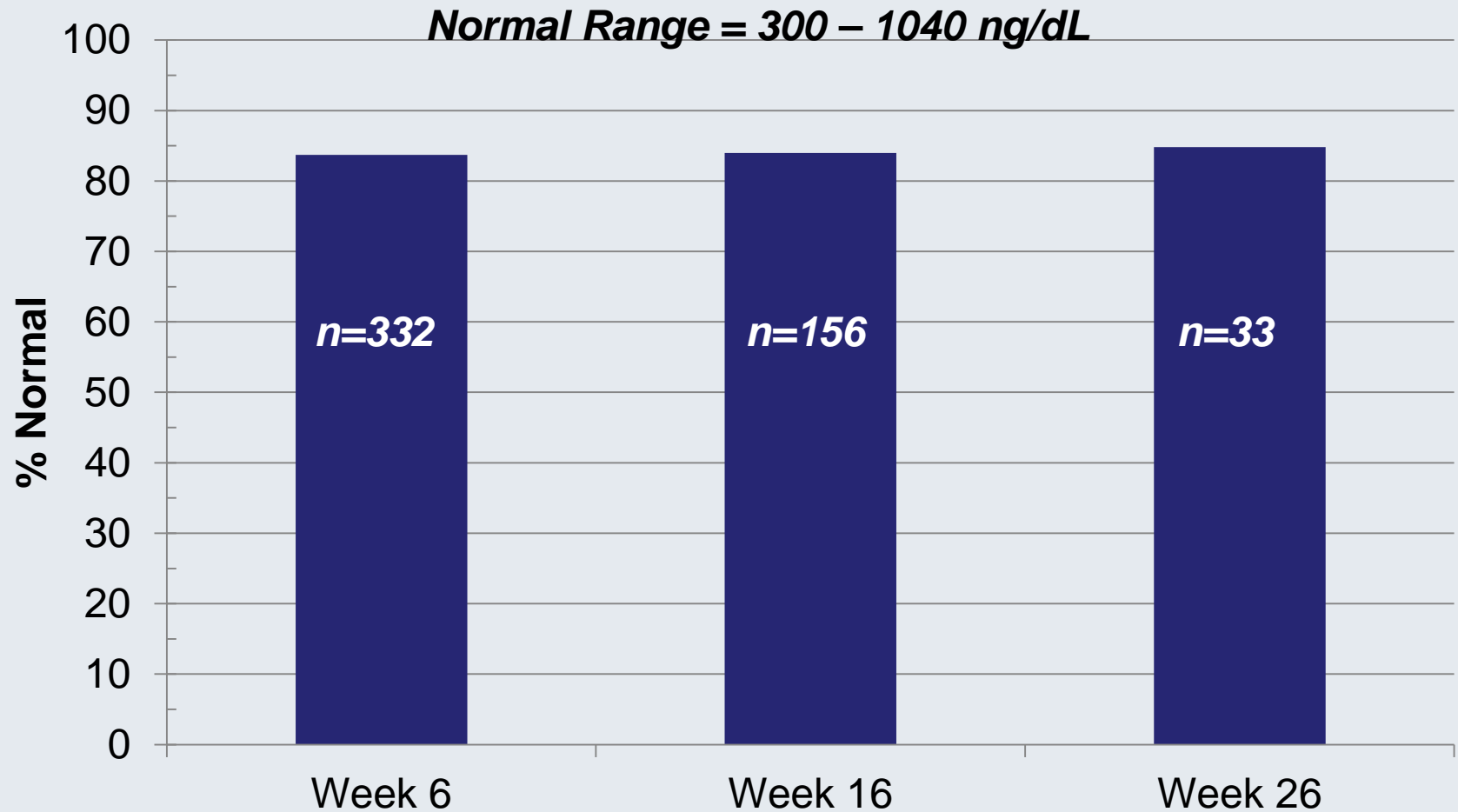
n=162 patients

ZA-204 End of Dosing Outcome Suggests Favorable Outcome in Phase 3 Studies



ZA-300: % of Men with T in the Normal Range

(26 week open label study, n=500 planned, 409 enrolled as of 1/2/13, ~30% previous T use)



No subjects above the normal range

ZA-203 Average Sperm Counts Over Study

95% Confidence Interval for Sperm Counts





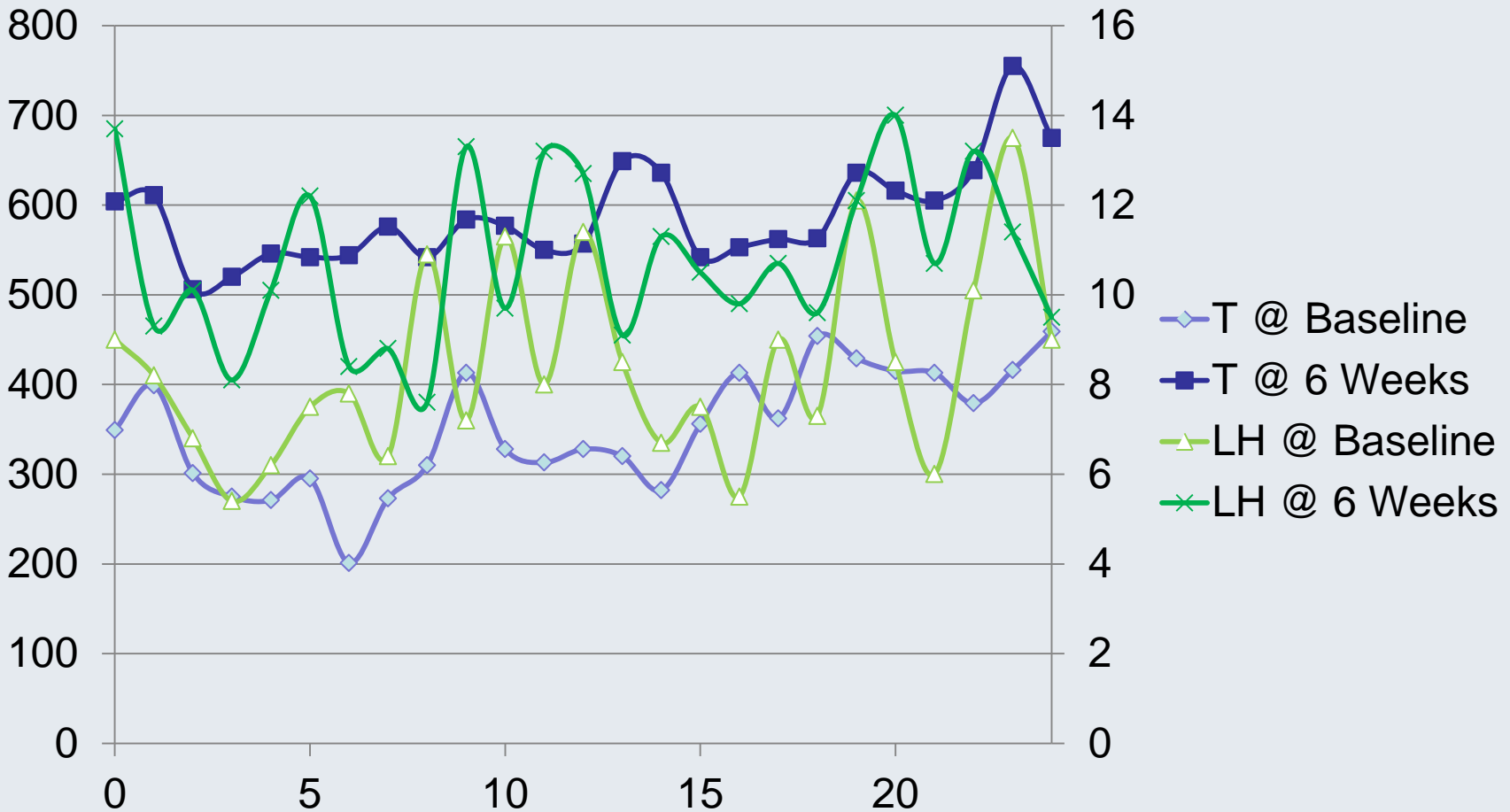
Androxal Preserves Testicular Function

*Approved Topical Products Suppress the
Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Testes Axis*

24 Hour T & LH

25 mg Androxal Subject Study ZA-204

Subject 2-003 Age: 55, BMI: 32



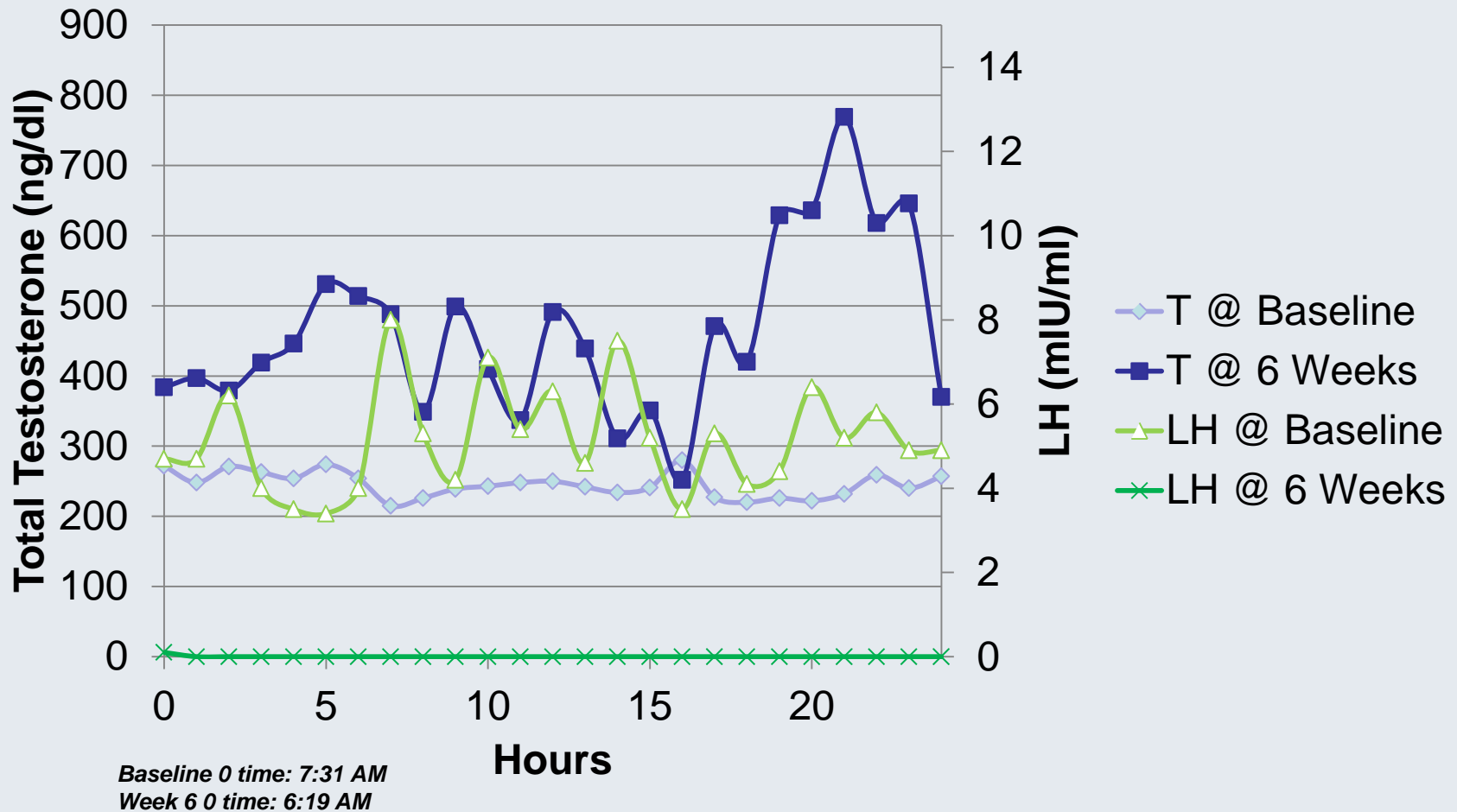
Baseline 0 time: 8:09 AM

Week 6 0 time: 7:25 AM

24 Hour T & LH

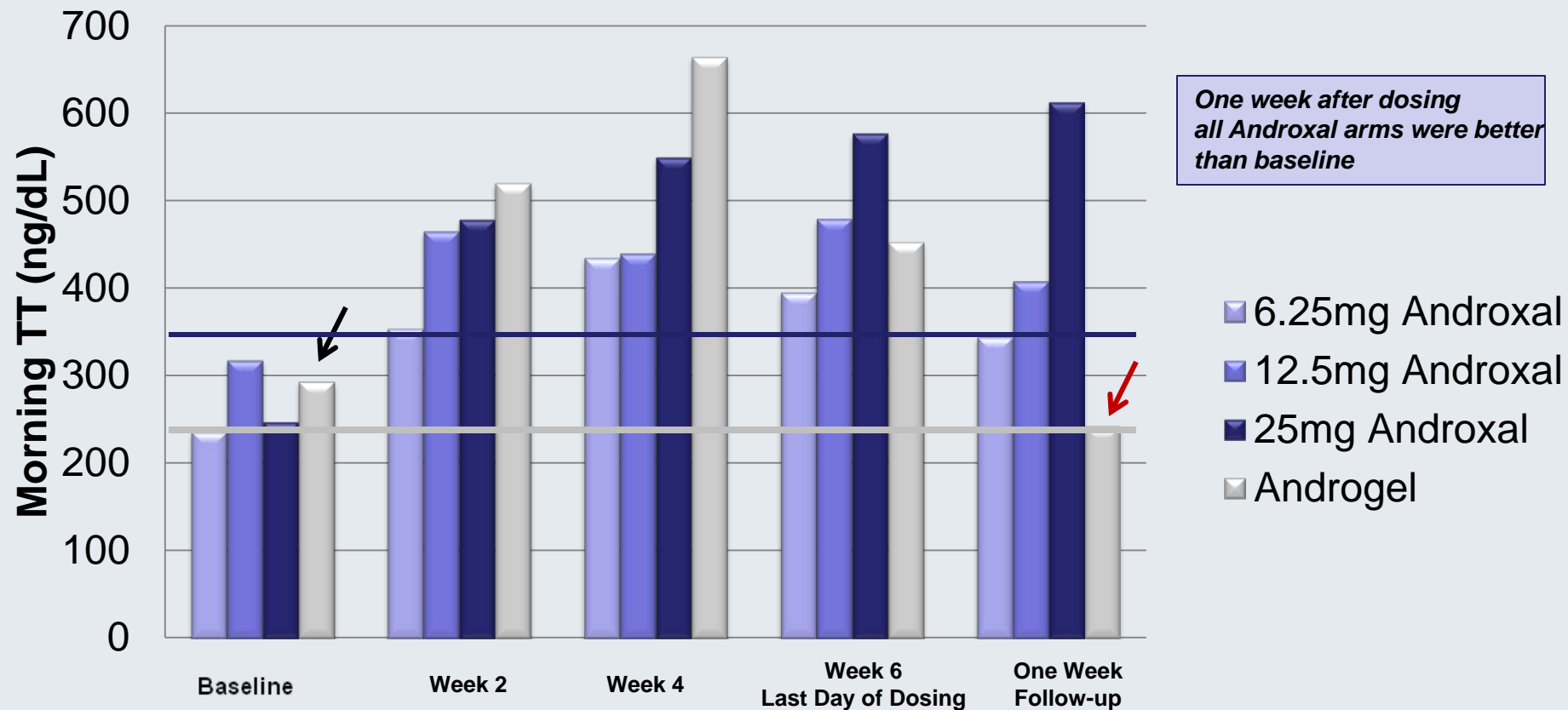
Androgel Subject Study ZA-204

Subject 2-049 Age: 58 , BMI: 24.1



Men on Androxal exhibit continued improvement in T even after dosing has stopped

Fig. 14: Mean Morning TT Over Time (ZA-204)

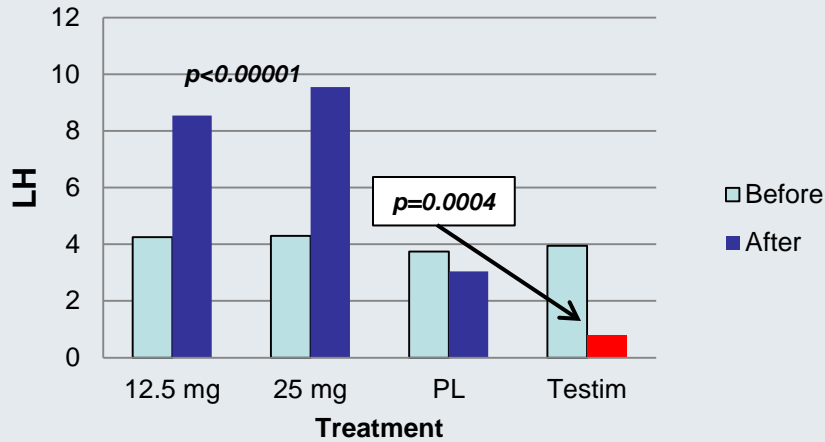


One week after dosing the Androgel arm was worse than baseline

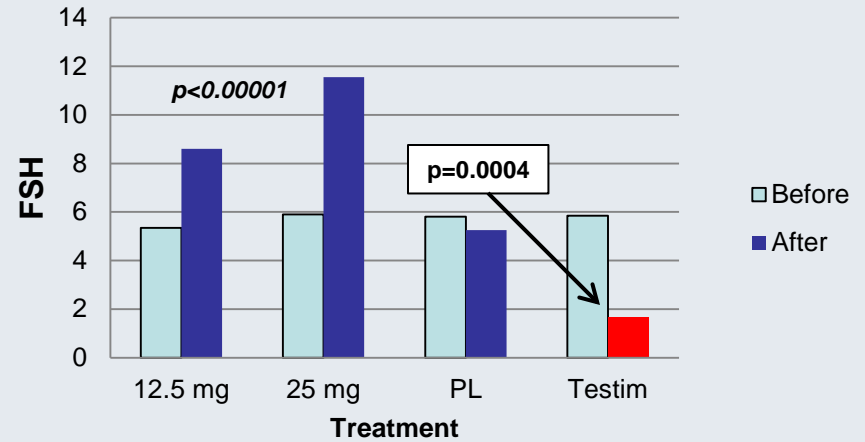
ZA-203 Hormone and Sperm Effects

Exogenous T Suppresses Pituitary Hormones and Testicular Function

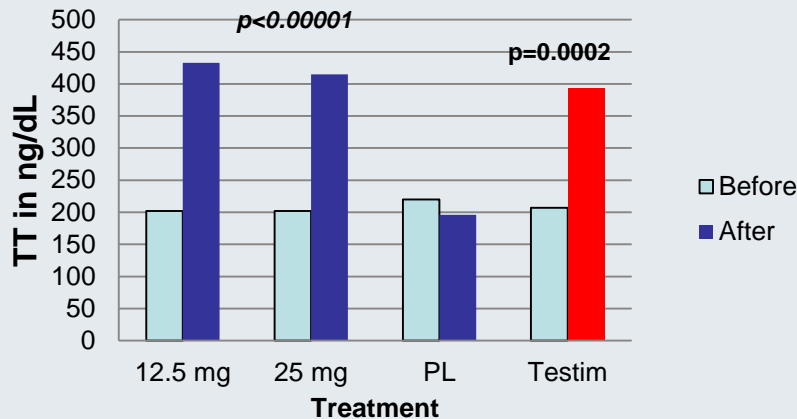
Effect of Treatment on Median LH
p versus Testim



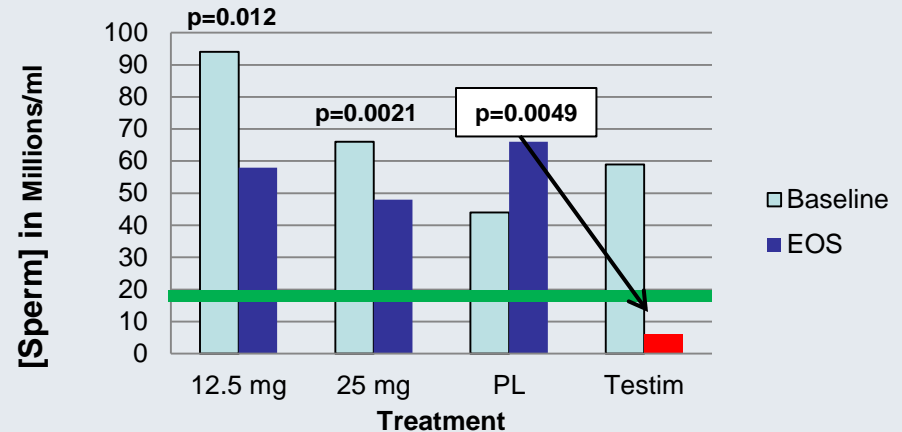
Effect of Treatment on Median FSH
p versus Testim



Effect of Treatment on Median Serum TT
p versus placebo



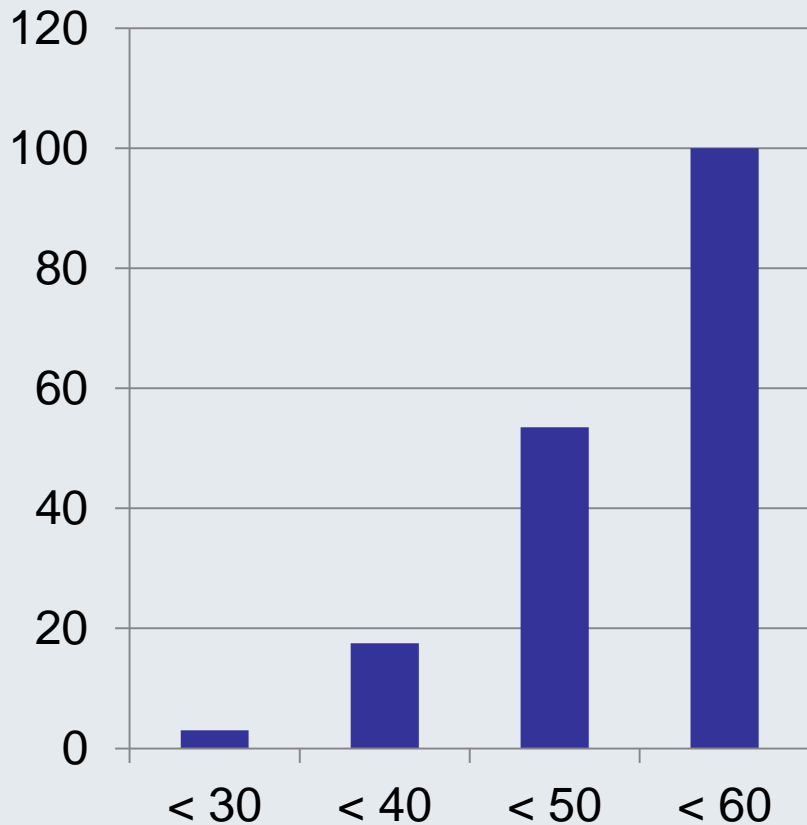
Effect of Treatment on Median Sperm Concentration
p versus Testim



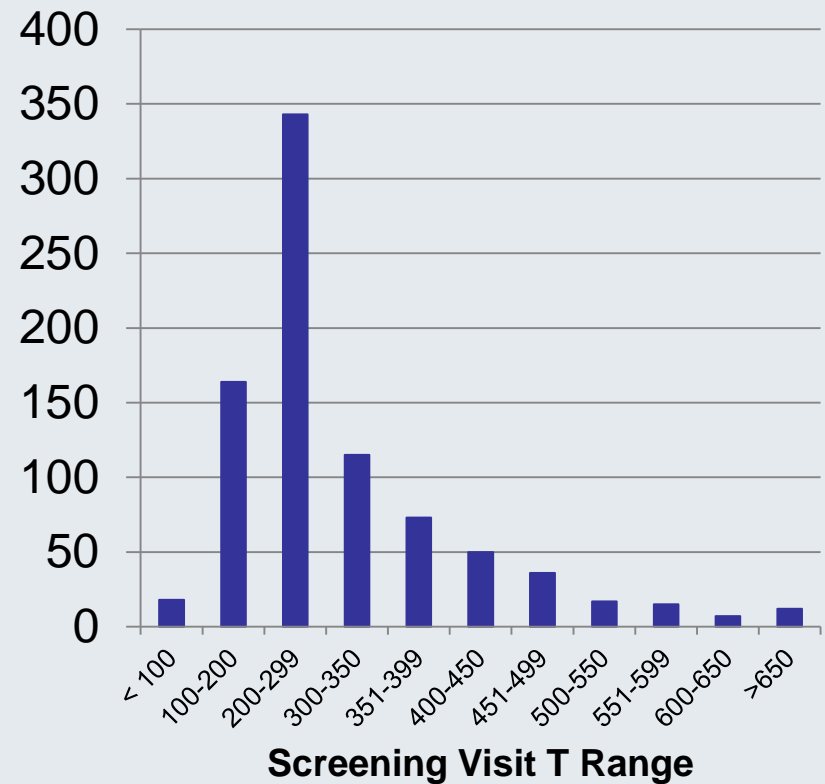
Distribution of Men Screened into ZA-300

850 subjects screened as of 11/10/12

% by Age

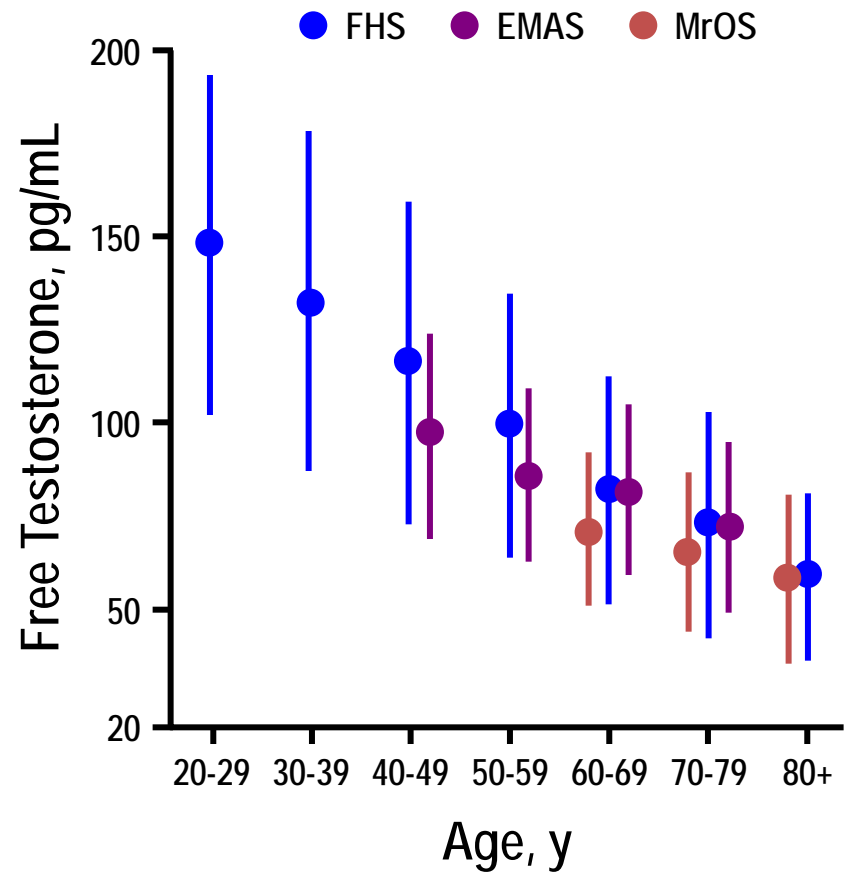
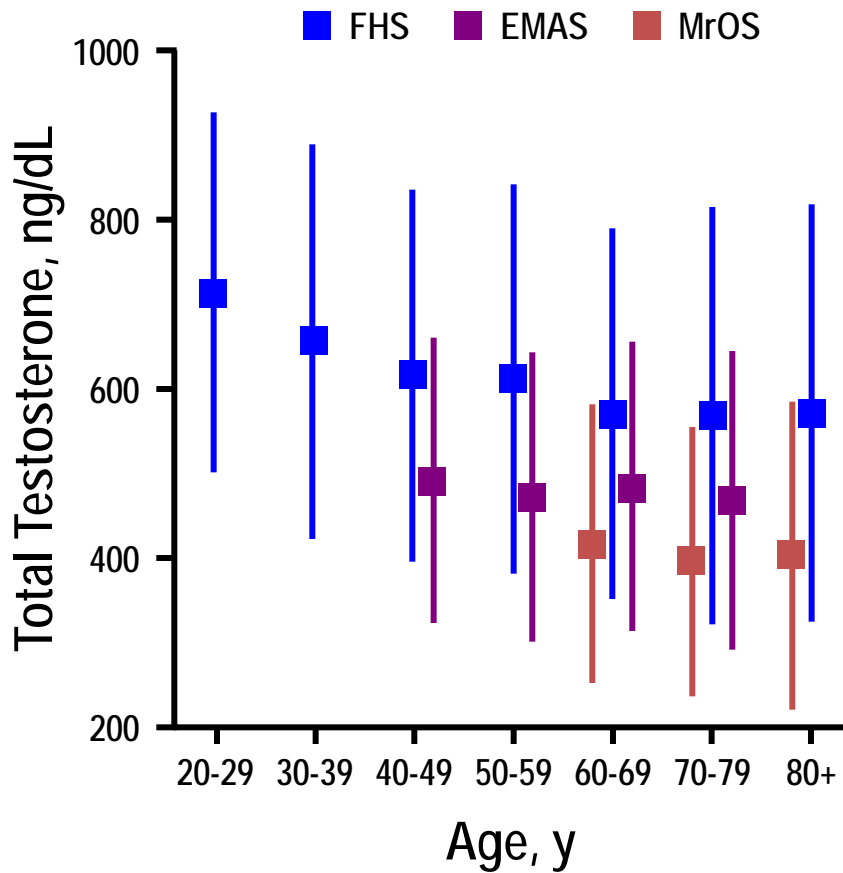


Number of men by first screening T



Testosterone Levels

Age-related Changes











EMAS, European Aging Male Study; FHS, Framingham Heart Study; MrOS, Osteoporotic Fractures in Men Study.
Bhasin S, et al. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* 2011;96(8):2430-2439.

Phase III Androxal Program Status:1/3/13

NDA Target: June 2014

| Study | Target Enrollment | Study Duration | Subjects Screened | Subjects Enrolled | Subjects Pending | Projected Full Enrollment |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| ZA-300 Safety | 500 | 6 months | 1088 (28 sites) | 415 332@wk6 83.7% >300ng/dL | ~15 | Q1 '13 |
| ZA-301 Pivotal | 152 | 3 months (+ 6 weeks) | 571 (17 sites) | 152 | Enrolled in < 12 weeks | Fully Enrolled |
| ZA-302 Pivotal | 152 | 3 months (+ 6 weeks) | 138 (16 sites) | 50 | ~35 | Q1 '13 |
| ZA-303 Safety | 150 | 1 year | 419 (10 sites) | 150 | | Core Fully Enrolled |

Androxal Profile Favorable Compared to Leading T Products

| | T Gels/Creams | Androxal | <i>Advantage Androxal</i> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|---|
| Administration | Applied to Skin | Oral |  |
| Controlled Substance | Yes | No |  |
| Sexual Partner & Risk to Children | Yes | No |  |
| Unpredictable Response | Yes | No |  |
| Super High T Levels | Yes | No |  |
| Prostate Risk | Yes | No |  |
| Shuts Down Testes | Yes | No |  |
| Requires Chronic Treatment | Yes | No |  |

Third Party Study Indicates Favorable Reimbursement Potential for Androxal

Majority of payers believe Androxal's oral administration and non-chronic use may offer overall cost savings

- **Third party assessment of payers indicates vast majority (>90%) would add Androxal to formularies**
 - Cost will be key for tier placement
 - **50% of plans indicated they would require a PA(Prior Authorization) to show proper diagnosis**
- **62% of respondents expect Androxal to be priced at parity to Androgel**
 - Anticipated Androxal pricing of \$170-350/month would be competitive with Androgel

Androxal Take Home Message

- Because of Obesity, 30% of American Males are at Risk of Secondary Hypogonadism
 - Co-morbidities include diabetes and cardiovascular disease
- Approved T Products Worsen the Underlying Condition
- ***We believe only Androxal + Diet + Exercise can reverse this disorder***

Proellex for the Treatment of Uterine Fibroids and Endometriosis

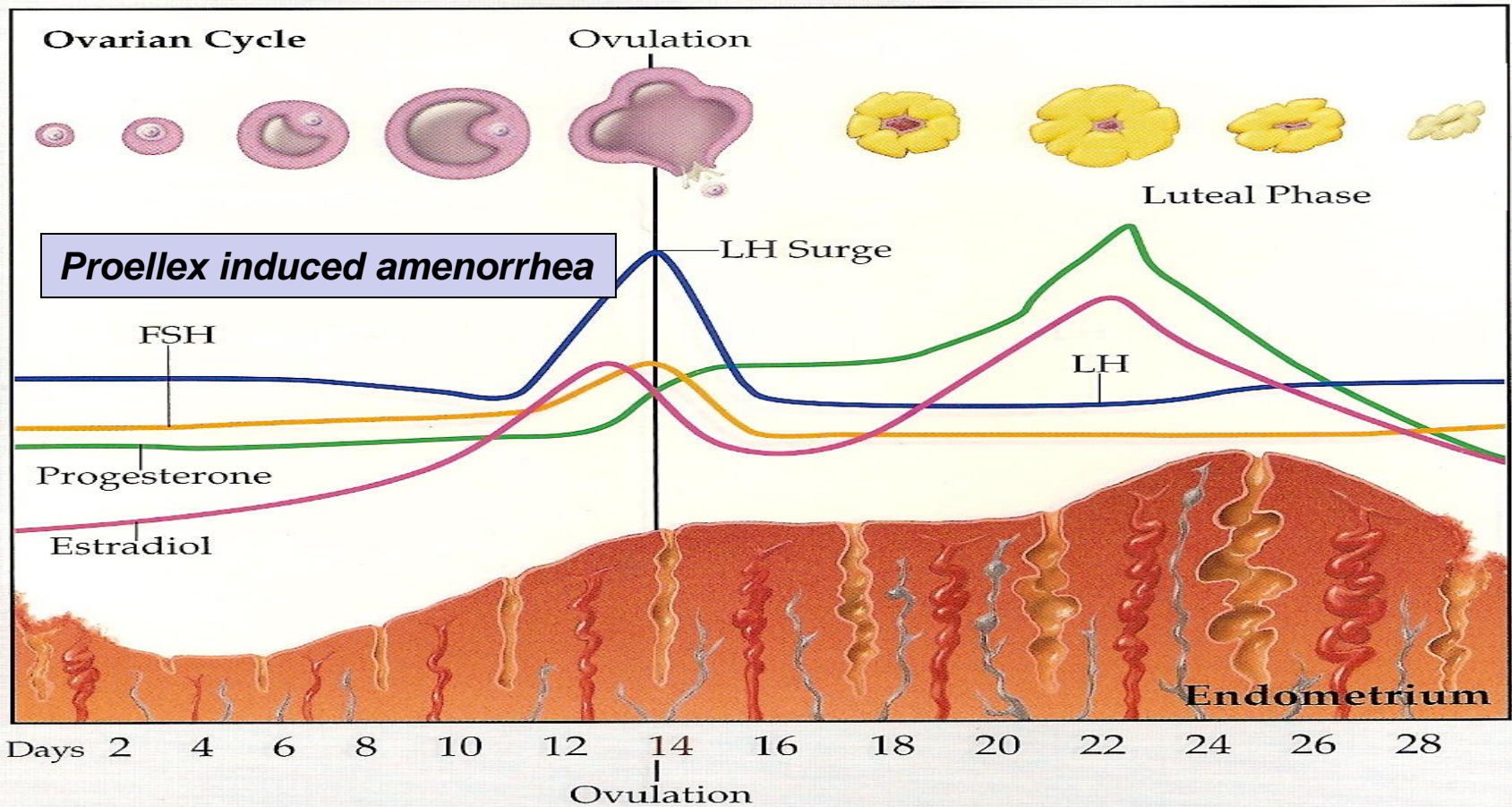
Over 30 million women of reproductive age in the US afflicted with symptomatic uterine fibroids or endometriosis

Over 300,000 hysterectomies performed every year in the US to treat these two disorders

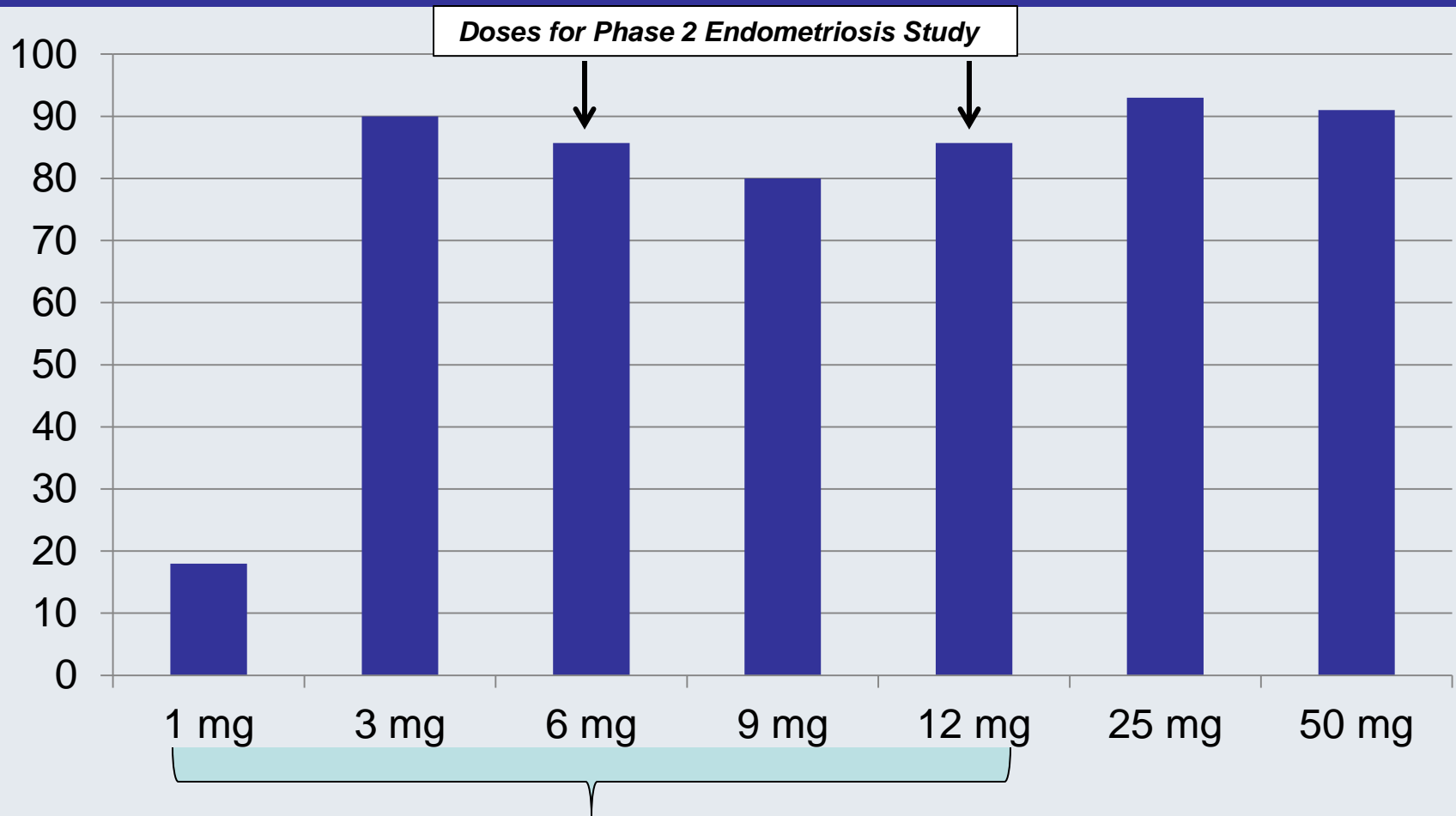
No acceptable chronic therapeutic options available today

An Effective Dose of Proellex Stops Menstruation in Majority of Women

Menstrual Cycle



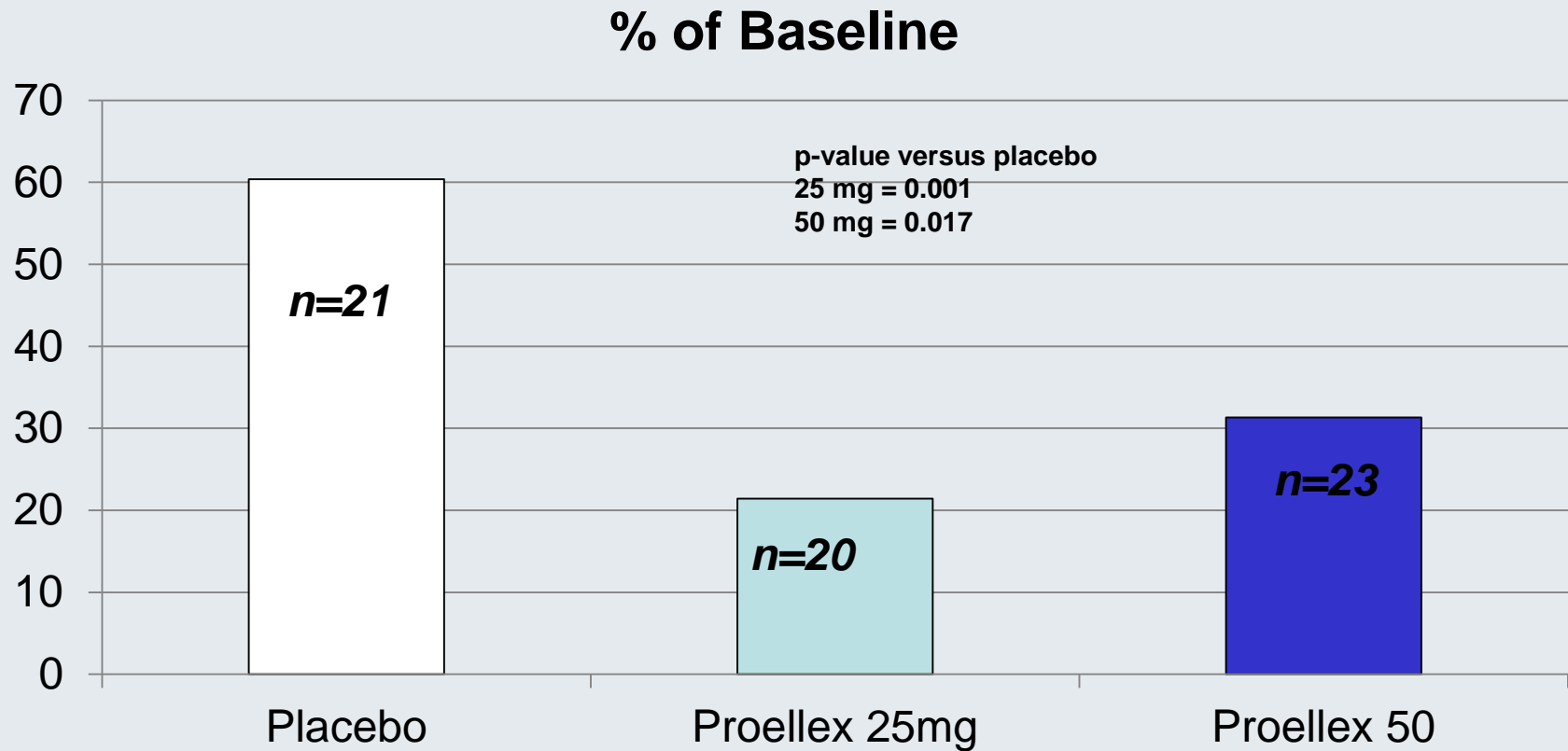
% of Women Experiencing Proellex Induced Amenorrhea in Low Dose Study



Doses safely tested in Phase 2 trial

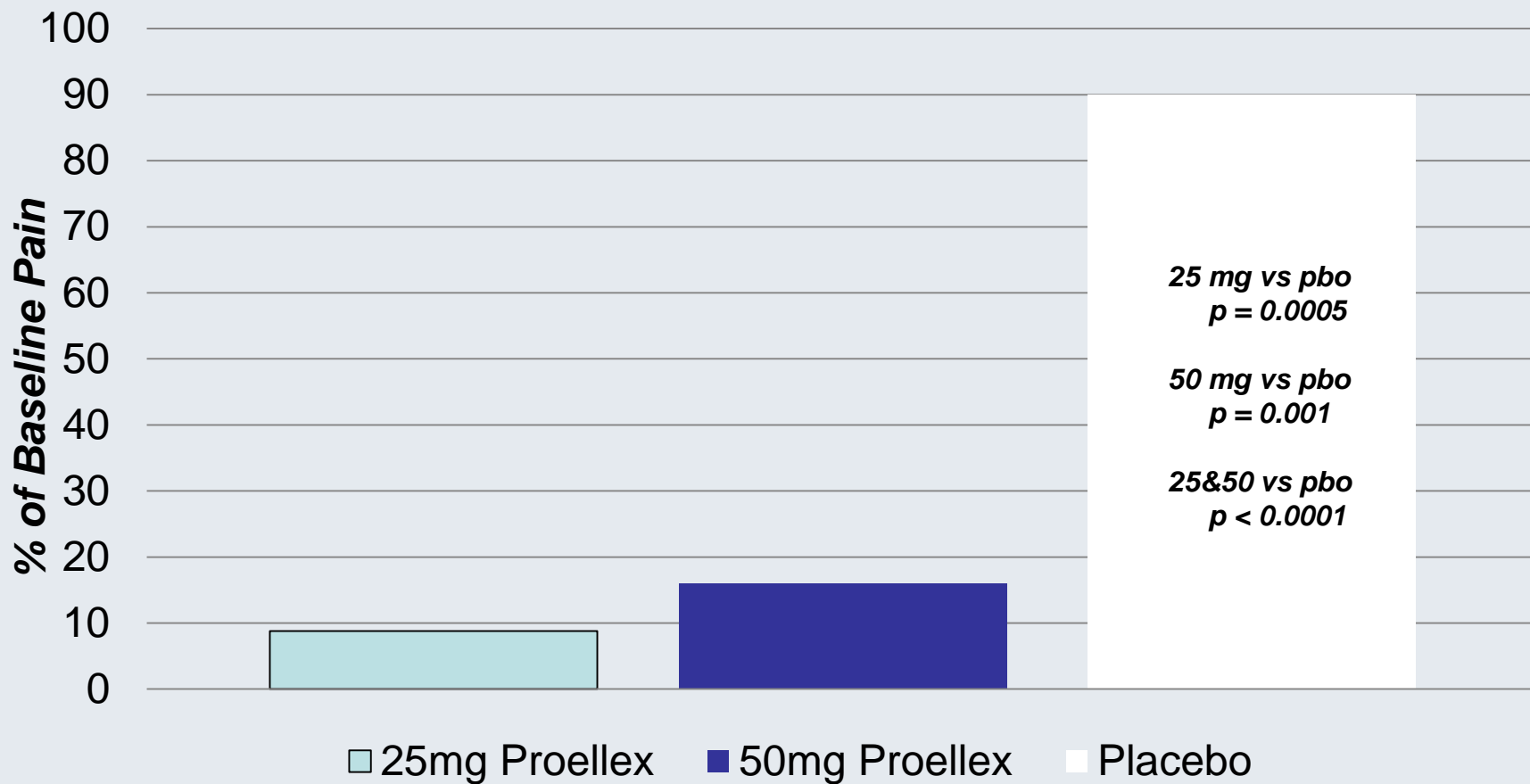
Baseline vs Last 28 Days

All Patient Reported Endometriosis Pain



Dysmenorrhea, Dyspareunia and Non Menstrual Pelvic Pain

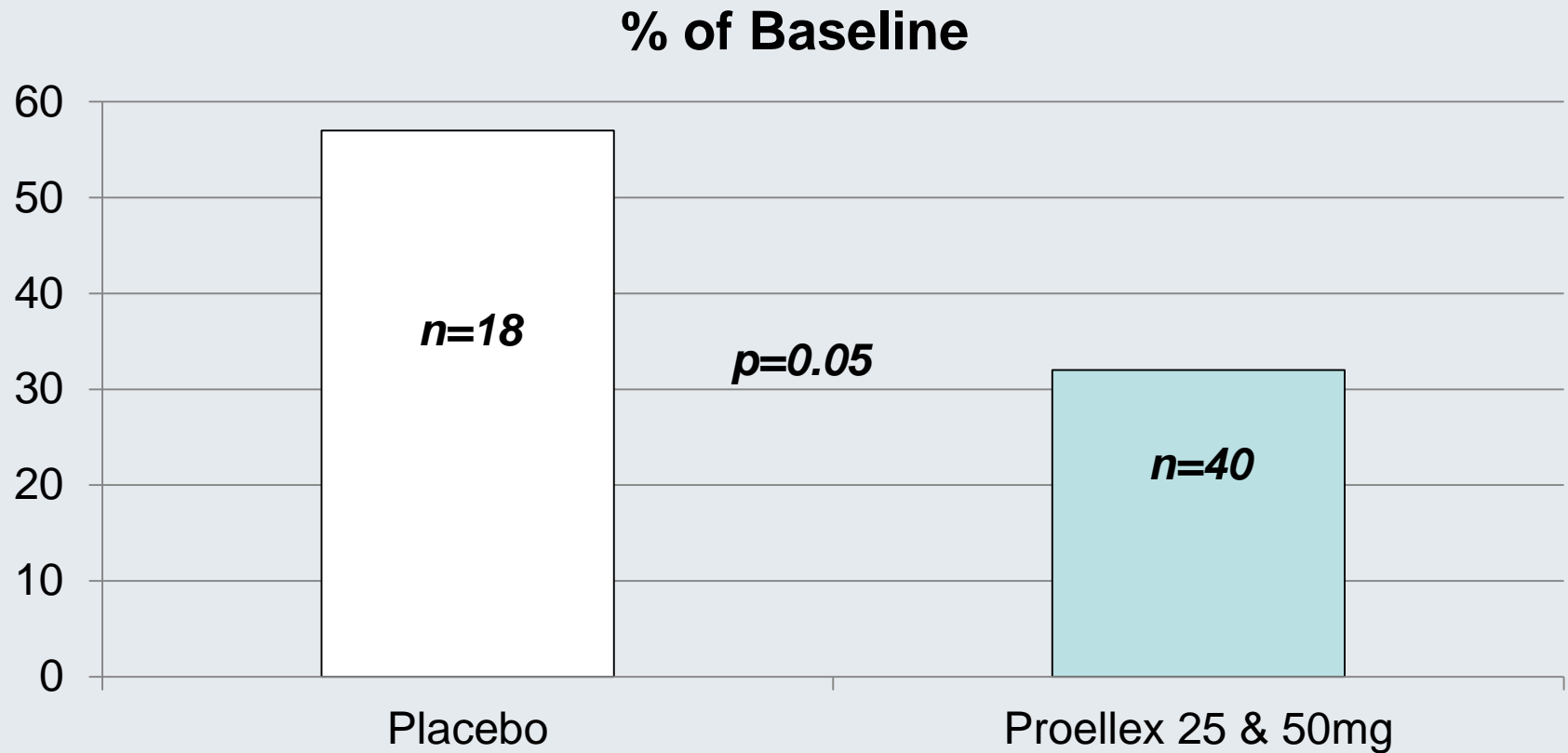
BASELINE vs LAST 28 DAYS DYSMENORRHEA



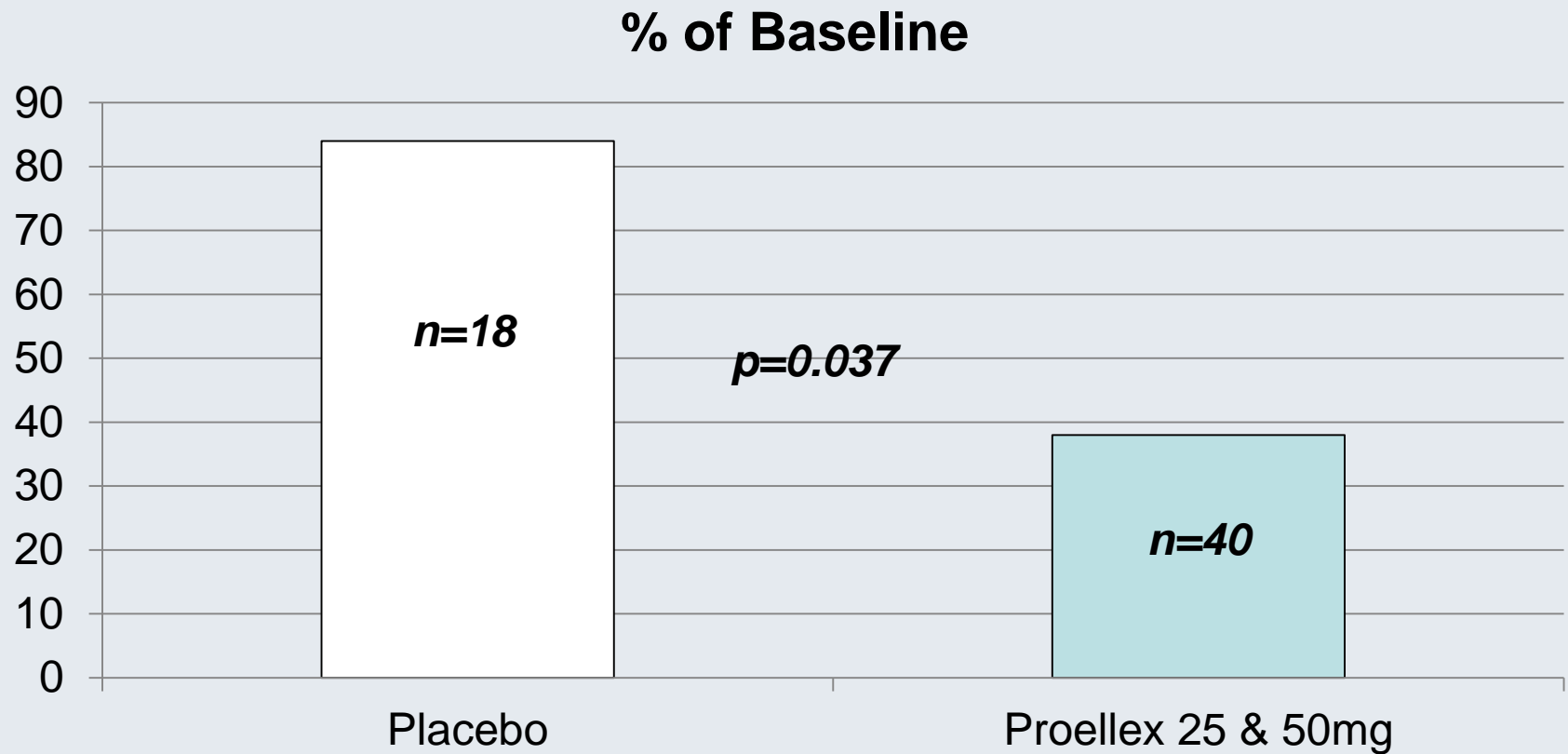
N = 18 for placebo and 25 mg

N = 22 for 50 mg

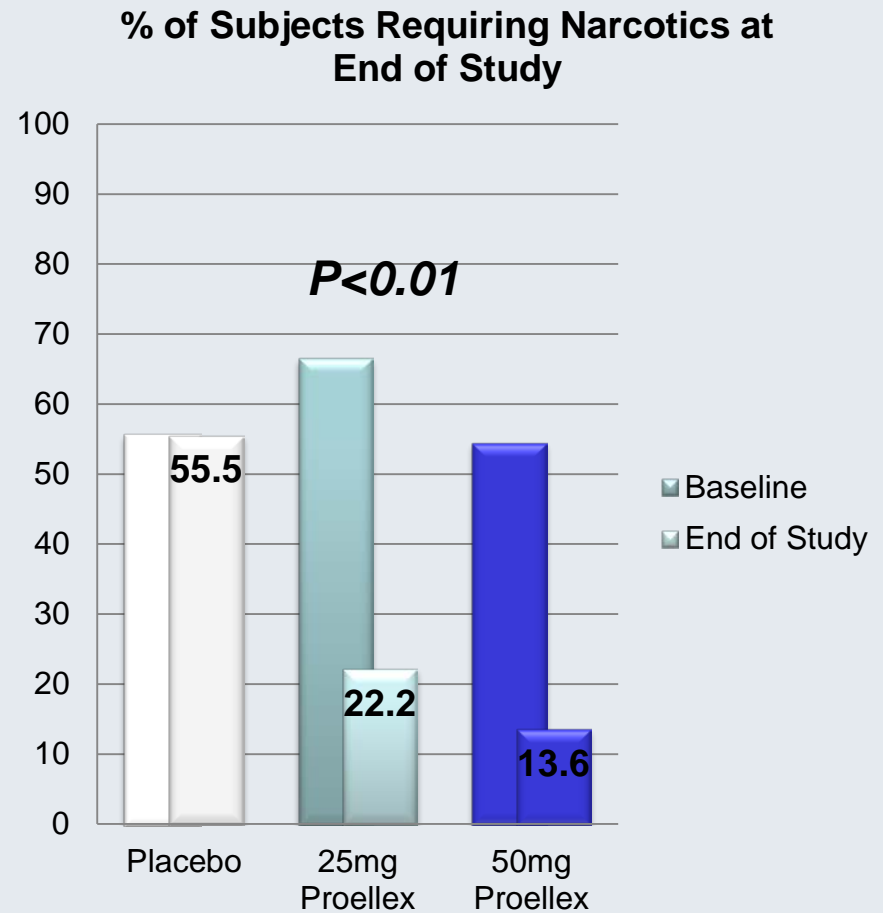
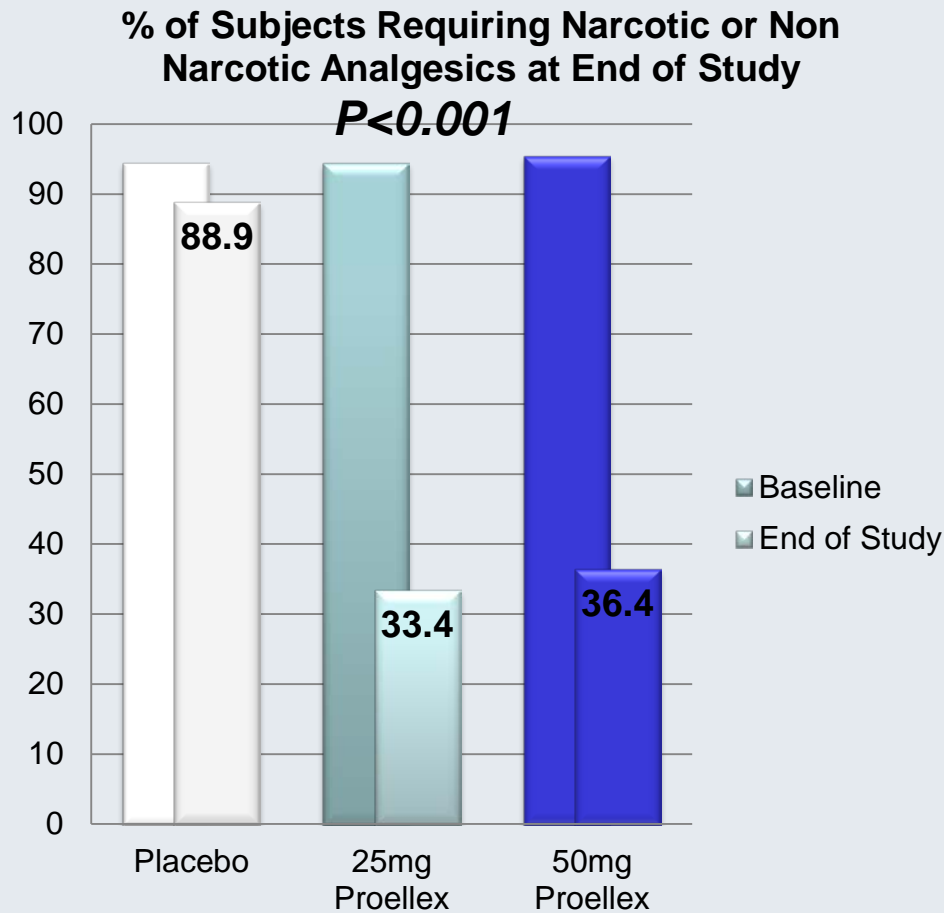
Baseline vs Last 28 Days Non Menstrual Pelvic Pain



Baseline vs Last 28 Days Dyspareunia



Doses That Stop Menses Have Significant Impact on Analgesic Use in the Control of the Pain Symptoms of Endometriosis



FDA allows Repros to conduct Phase 2 study in women with severe endometriosis

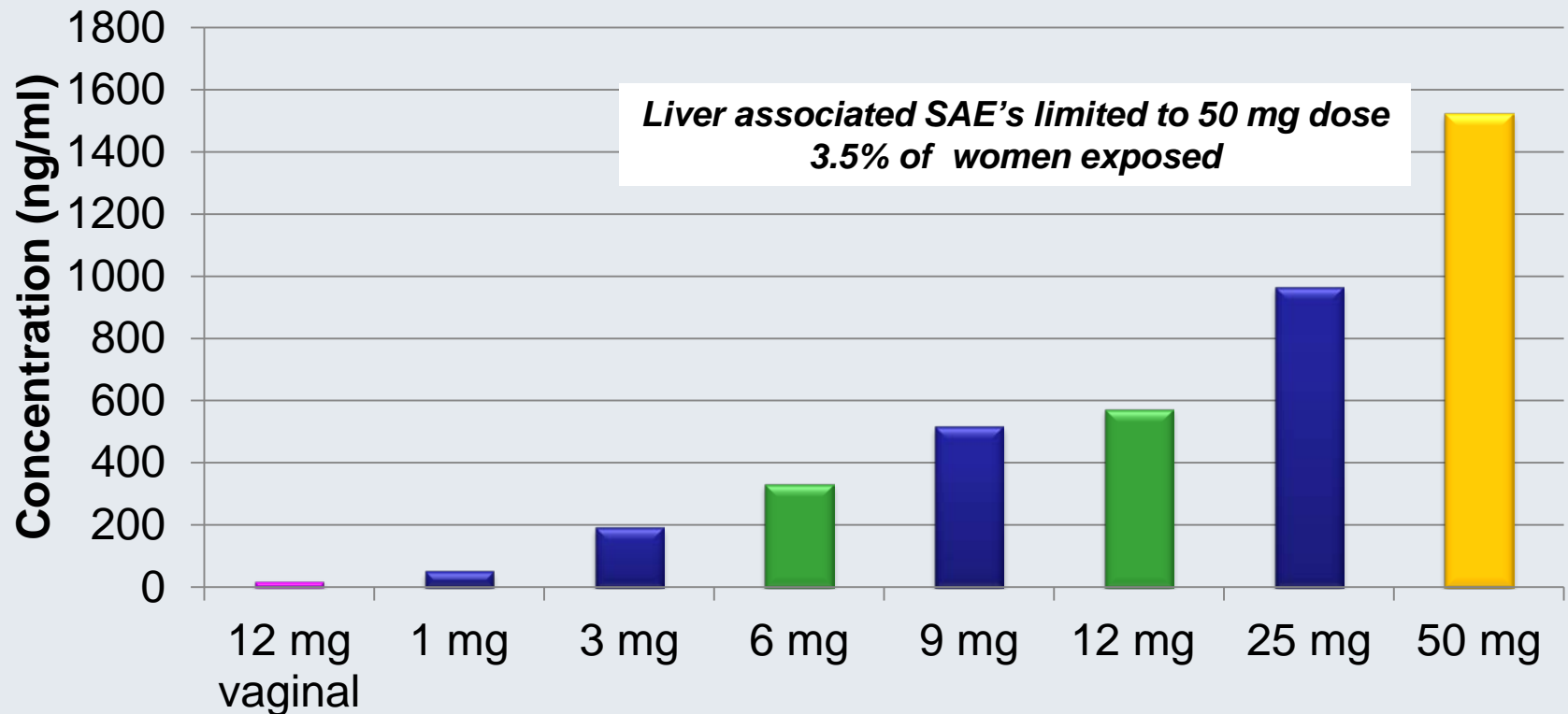
Vaginal Proellex Expected to Eliminate the Need for Hysterectomy in Most Situations

- New IND effective
 - Unaffected by oral outcomes
- Initial Phase 2 study to test four doses of vaginal administration in the treatment of uterine fibroids
 - Assess reduction of fibroid size and elimination of symptoms
 - Top line data reported

Systemic Exposure to Oral Proellex Varies in a Dose Dependent Manner

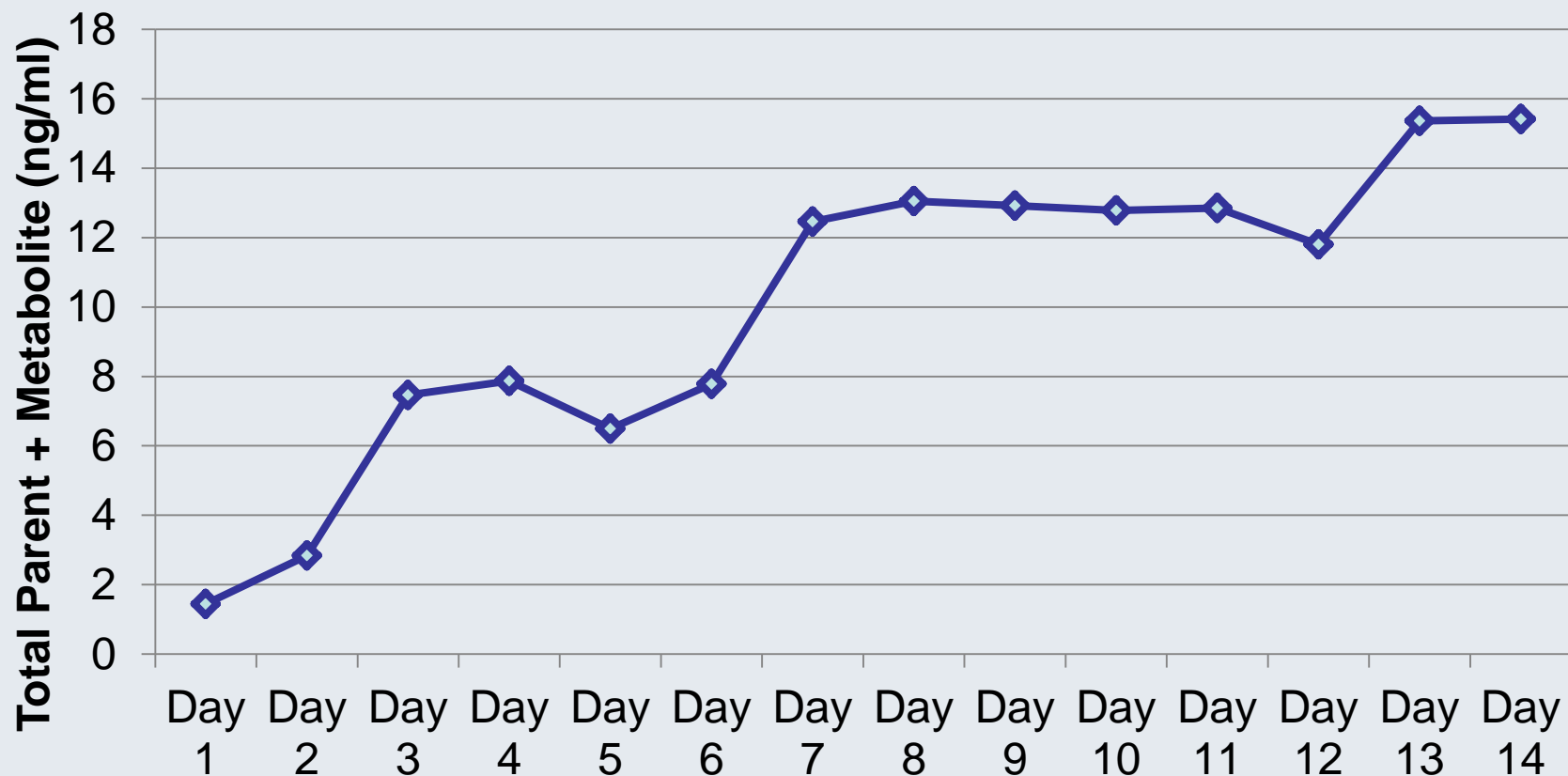
Significant reduction in exposure via vaginal delivery

Combined C_{max} for Telapristone and Primary Metabolite



Proellex-V Slow to Reach Steady State

Average Daily Trough Levels

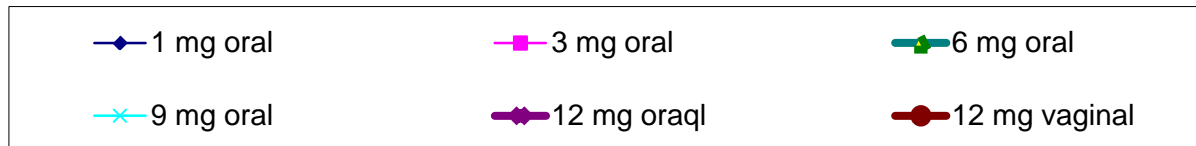
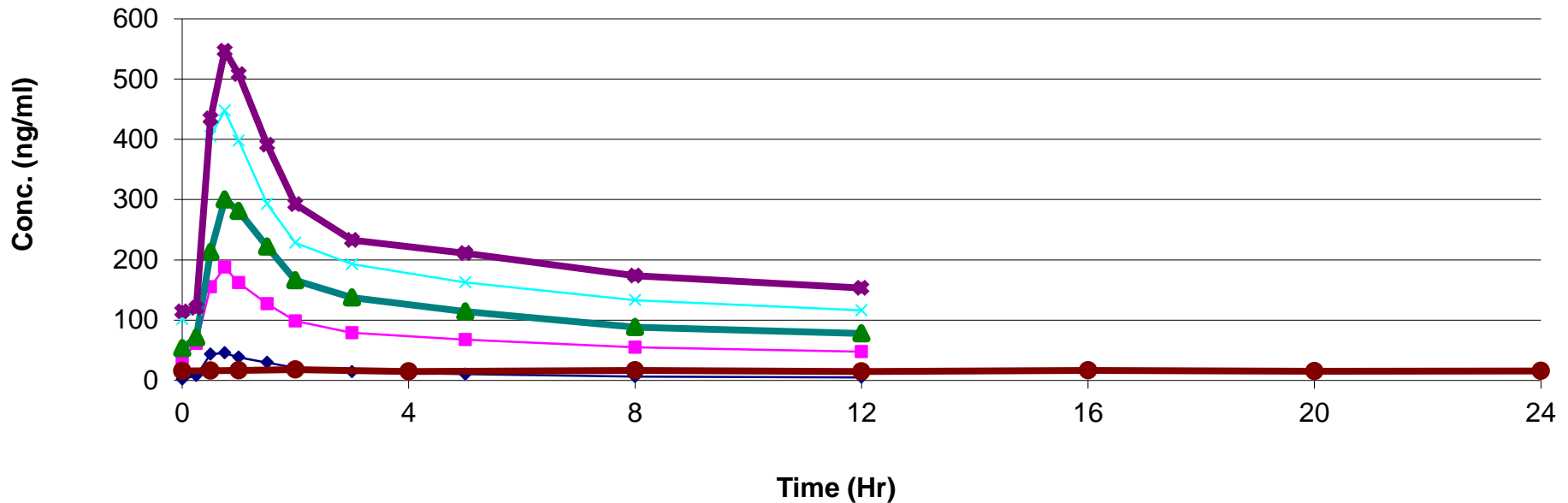


Steady State Drug Concentrations at Week 2

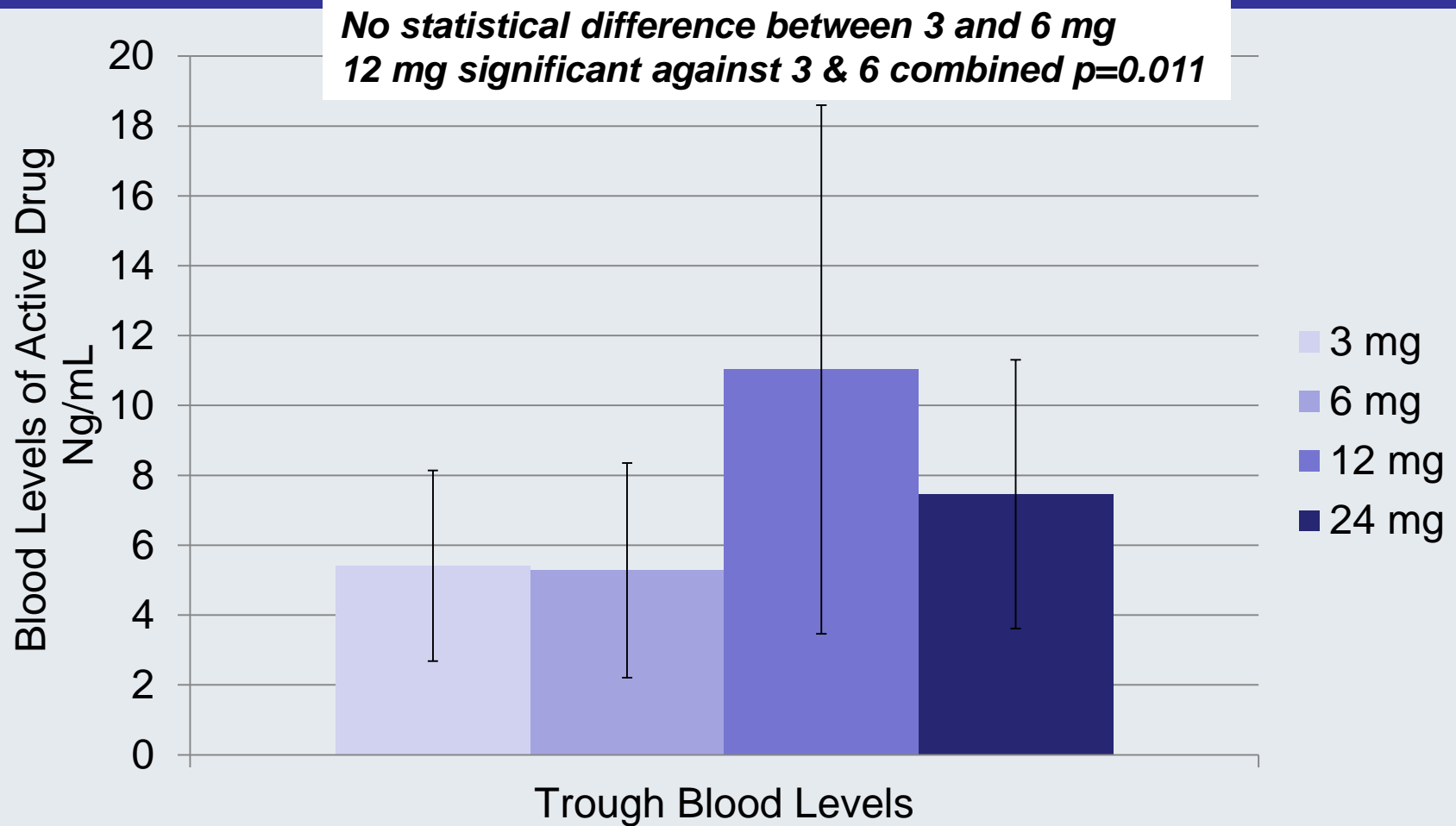
Subject 1: 14.2 ng/ml Subject 2: not detected Subject 3: 14.8 ng/ml
Subject 4: 20.0 ng/ml Subject 5: 22.4 ng/ml Subject 6: 5.6 ng/ml

At Steady State Proellex-V Yields Flat Exposure Profile

Average: PK Oral (1, 3, 6, 9 and 12 mg vs Vaginal 12 mg)



Systemic Drug Exposure for Four Vaginal Doses of Proellex-V

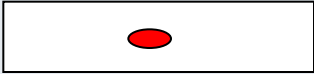
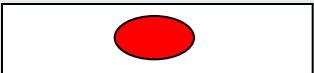





Phase IIb Primary Endpoint Pictorial Blood Assessment Chart

Validated method for the determination of blood loss during menses

•All patients provided with same sanitary product

Menstrual Pad Scoring

| | Score (ml of blood) | Number per Category per period | Score |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------|
|  | 1 | x | |
|  | 2 | x | |
|  | 3 | x | |
|  | 4 | x | |
|  | 5 | x | |

Wyatt et al. Fertil Steril 2001; 76:125-131

Total Score

Phase IIb Primary Endpoint Pictorial Blood Assessment Chart

Validated method for the determination of blood loss during menses

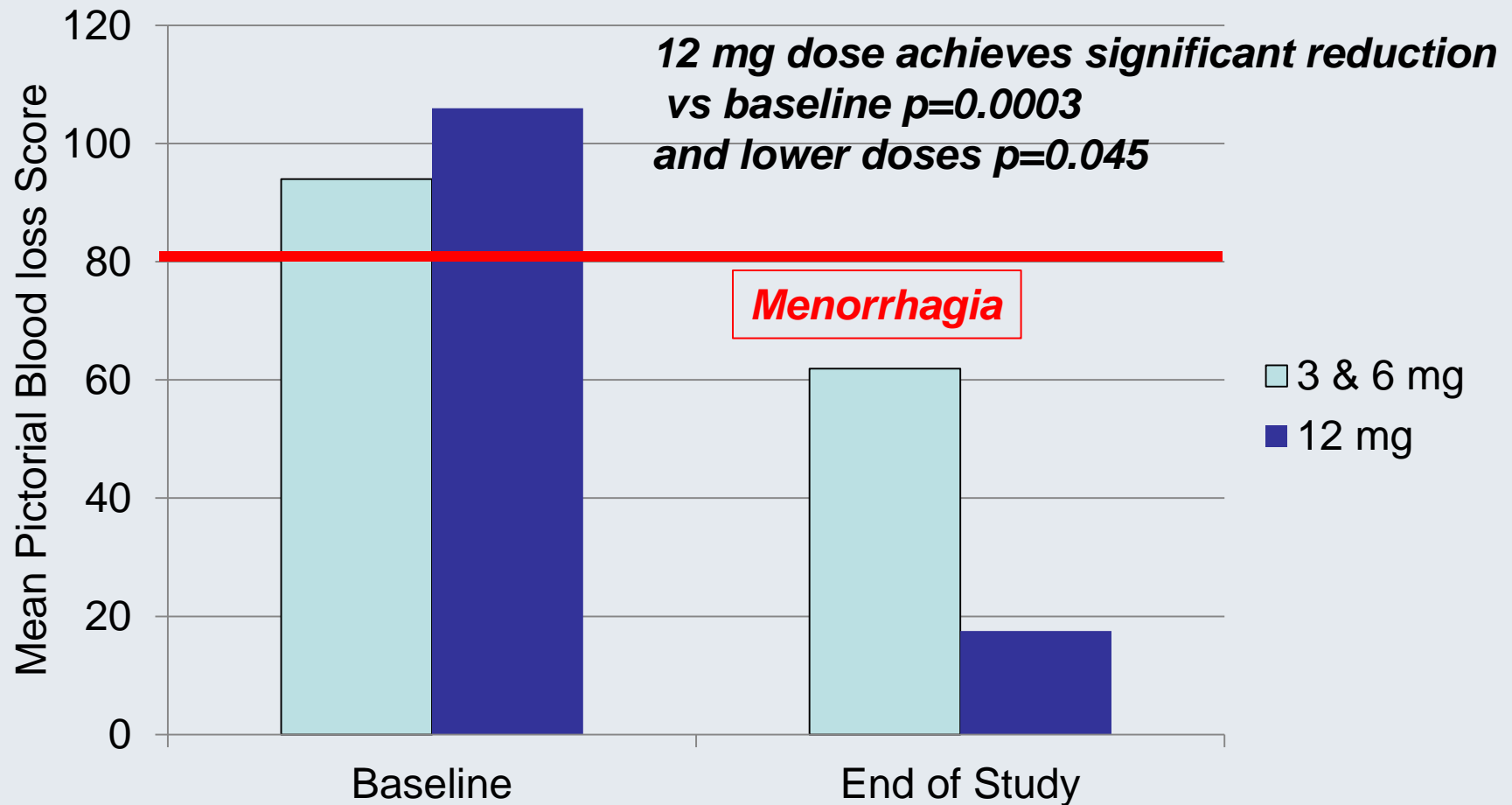
•All patients provided with same sanitary product

Clot Scoring

| Clot Size | Dime (1 ml) | Penny (3 ml) | Quarter (5ml) | Total score |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Number | | | | |

Vaginal Proellex Update

12 mg Dose Achieves Significant Improvement in Vaginal Bleeding



UFSQOL Symptom Severity Questions

1. Heavy bleeding during your menstrual period
2. Passing blood clots during your menstrual period
3. Fluctuation in the duration of your menstrual period compared to your previous cycle
4. Fluctuation in the length of your monthly cycle compared to your previous cycles
5. Feeling tightness or pressure in your pelvic area
6. Frequent urination during the daytime hours
7. Frequent nighttime urination
8. Feeling fatigued

UFSQOL Scoring (Symptom Severity)

Each question can be scored as follows:

*Not at
all*

*A little
bit*

*Some-
what*

*A great
deal*

*A very
great
deal*

1

2

3

4

5

Sum Item Values:

Questions 1-8

Lowest and Highest Possible Scores;

8, 40

Possible Raw Score Range:

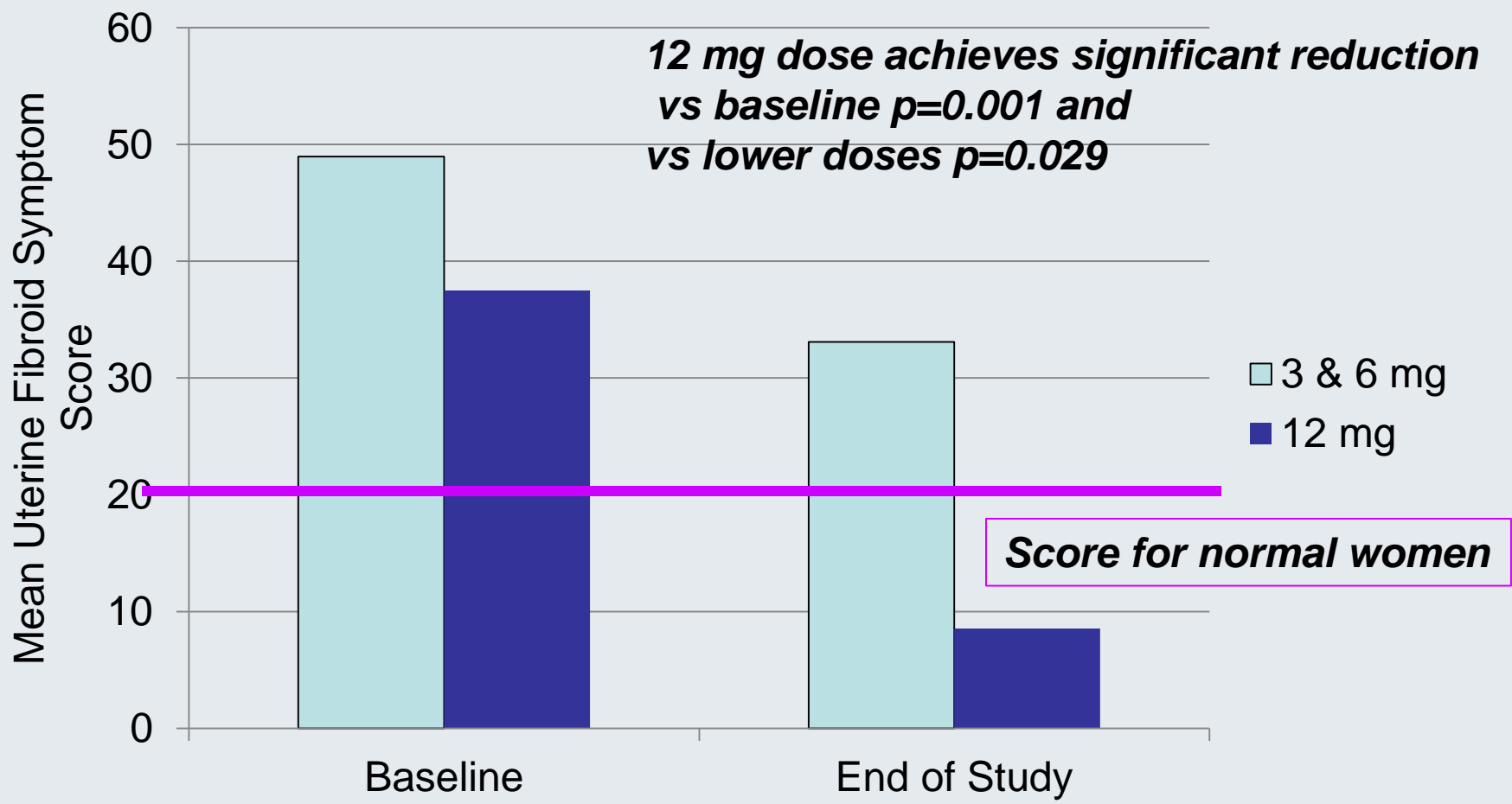
32

Formula for Transformation of Symptom Severity Raw Scores

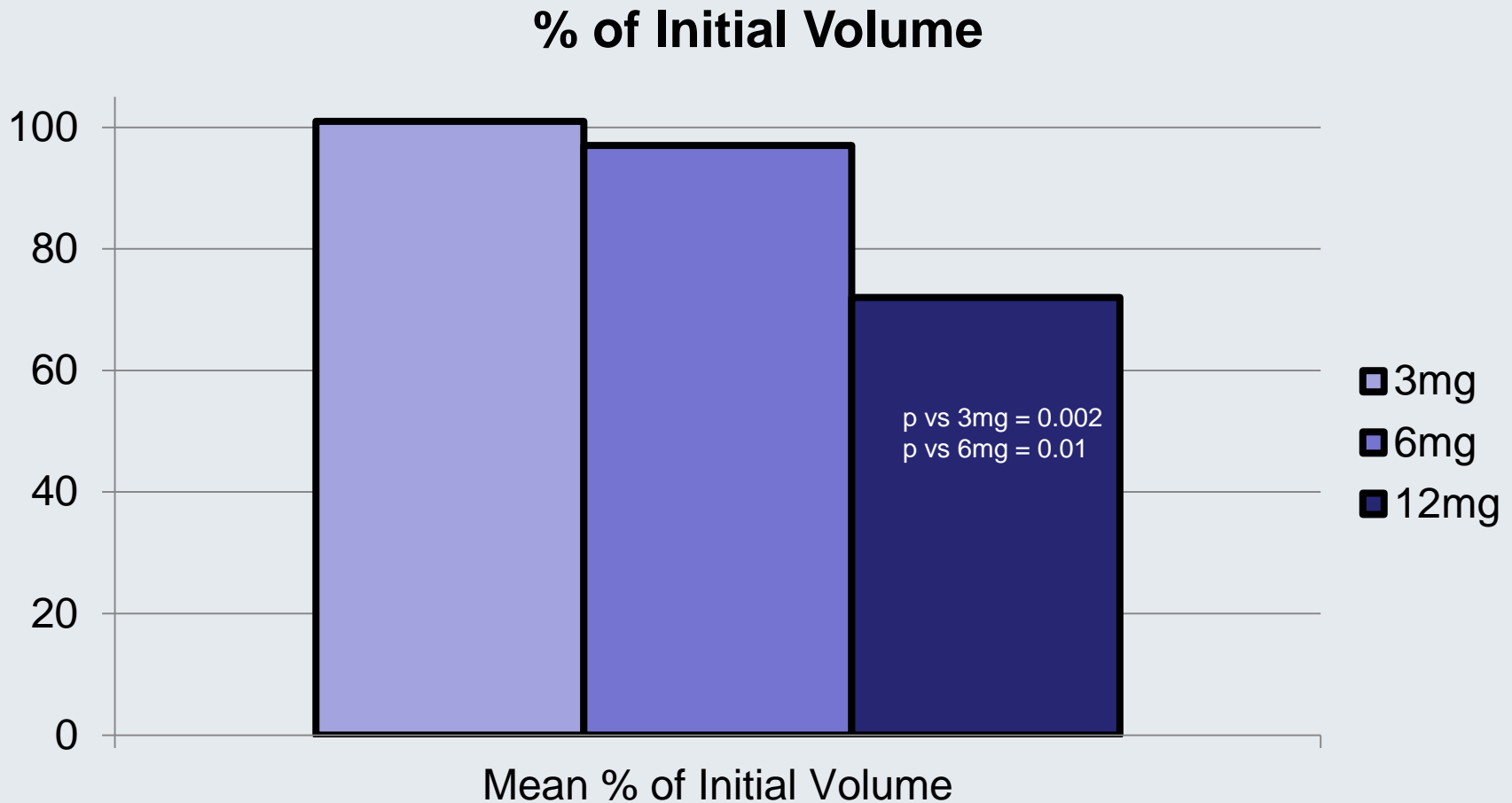
Transformed Score = $\frac{(\text{Actual raw score} - \text{lowest possible raw score}) \times 100}{\text{Possible raw score range}}$

Vaginal Proellex Update

12 mg Dose Achieves Significant Improvement in Symptom Scores



Fibroid Volume Significantly Reduced at end of 4 Month Study @ 12 mg



Financial Summary

- **Cash and equivalents** (as of 12/31/12, unaudited) ~ \$24.2M
- **Cash burn = 2012 = ~\$14 M**
- **Cash runway = Mid 2014 (projected)**
- **17.2 MM shares outstanding**
 - **Warrants outstanding = 1.75MM Series A (Purchased in unit deal @\$2.46) + 1.57MM Series B (@\$2.49 with cashless exercise provision)**
 - **Forced warrant strike at \$8/share converts B warrants**

Projected 2013 Milestones

- Report results for Phase 2 Vaginal Proellex Study Q1-13
- Fully Enroll 1 year DEXA Study Q1-13
- Fully Enroll 500 subject 6 mos. Androxal Study Q1-13
- Report Results for 1st Pivotal Androxal Study Q2-13
- End of Phase 2 Meeting with FDA for Vaginal Proellex Q2-13
- Commence Phase 3 Vaginal Proellex Study Q3-13
- Complete 500 subject 6 mos. Androxal Study Q3-13
- Report Phase 2 low dose Oral Proellex Study Q4-13
- Report 2nd Pivotal Androxal Study Q4-13
- Request Androxal Pre-NDA Meeting with FDA for Q1'14 Q4-13